

# GRADUATE/PROFESSIONAL STUDENT Reference Group

# Executive Summary Fall 2016

The ACHA-NCHA II supports the health of the campus community by fulfilling the academic mission, supporting short- and long-term healthy behaviors, and gaining a current profile of health trends within the campus community.



American College Health Association advocacy-education-research

Copyright 2017

All Rights Reserved

# **Table of Contents**

#### I. Introduction

## II. Findings

6	
A. General Health of College Students	3
B. Disease and Injury Prevention	4
C. Academic Impacts	5
D. Violence, Abusive Relationships and Personal Safety	5
E. Tobacco, Alcohol, and Marijuana Use	6
F. Sexual Behavior	10
G. Nutrition and Exercise	12
H. Mental Health	13
I. Sleep	16
III. Demographics and Student Characteristics	17

ACHA, the nation's principal advocate and leadership organization for college and university health, represents a diverse membership that provides and supports the delivery of health care and prevention and wellness services for the nation's 20 million college students. For more information about the association's programs and services, visit www.acha.org, and www.acha.org.

Suggested citation for this document:

American College Health Association. American College Health Association-National College Health Assessment II: Graduate/Professional Student Reference Group Executive Summary Fall 2016. Hanover, MD: American College Health Association; 2017. 2

### Introduction

The ACHA-National College Health Assessment II (ACHA-NCHA II) is a national research survey organized by the American College Health Association (ACHA) to assist college health service providers, health educators, counselors, and administrators in collecting data about their students' habits, behaviors, and perceptions on the most prevalent health topics.

ACHA initiated the original ACHA-NCHA in 2000 and the instrument was used nation wide through the spring 2008 data collection period. The ACHA-NCHA now provides the largest known comprehensive data set on the health of college students, providing the college health and higher education fields with a vast spectrum of information on student health. A revised survey, the ACHA-NCHA-II, has been in use since the fall 2008 data collection period.

Please note the ACHA-NCHA II is not appropriate for trend comparison with items from the original ACHA-NCHA survey. Directly comparing pre- and post-redesign estimates on similar data points, without taking into account the impact of the survey's redesign, can lead to an erroneous conclusion.

#### Notes about this report:

1. Missing values have been excluded from analysis and only valid percents are included in this document.

2. Students responding "not applicable" were excluded from several analyses, which are specifically noted throughout this document. This will often explain differences observed between this document and the full data report.

3. A note about the use of sex and gender in this report: Survey responses are reported by sex based on the responses to questions 47a, 47b, and 47c. For the purpose of the ACHA-NCHA report documents, respondents are reported as male or female only when their responses to these three questions are consistent with one another. If students' gender identity is consistent with their sex at birth AND the student selects "no" for transgender, then respondents are designated as either *male* or *female*. If respondents select "yes" for transgender OR their sex at birth is not consistent with their gender identity, then they are designated as *non-binary*. A respondent that skips any of the three questions is designated as *unknown*. Totals displayed in this report include *non-binary* and *unknown* students.

For additional information about the survey's development, design, and methodology, email Mary T Hoban, PhD, MCHES, (mhoban@acha.org), E. Victor Leino, PhD (vleino@acha.org), or visit www.acha-ncha.org.

This Executive Summary highlights results of the ACHA-NCHA II Fall 2016 survey for Grad/Professional Reference Group consisting of 5099 respondents.

# Findings

#### A. General Health of College Students

■ 57.6 % of college students surveyed (	60.8	% male and	55.7	% female) described
their health as very good or excellent.				

■88.7 % of college students surveyed ( 88.8 % male and 88.7 % female) described their health as *good, very good or excellent*.

Proportion of college students who reported being diagnosed or treated by a professional for any of the following health problems within the last 12 months:

Allergies:	17.6 %	Hepatitis B or C:	0.4 %
Asthma:	6.3 %	High blood pressure:	4.6 %
Back pain:	14.1 %	High cholesterol:	5.3 %
Broken bone/Fracture/Sprain:	5.3 %	HIV infection:	0.4 %
Bronchitis:	4.8 %	Irritable Bowel Syndrome:	3.3 %
Chlamydia:	1.3 %	Migraine headache:	8.6 %
Diabetes:	1.6 %	Mononucleosis:	0.7 %
Ear infection:	4.9 %	Pelvic Inflammatory Disease:	0.3 %
Endometriosis:	1.0 %	Repetitive stress injury:	2.1 %
Genital herpes:	1.2 %	Sinus infection:	13.9 %
Genital warts/HPV:	1.6 %	Strep throat:	6.4 %
Gonorrhea:	0.4 %	Tuberculosis:	0.3 %
		Urinary tract infection:	9.2 %

■ 52.2 % of college students ( 42.1 % male, 58.3 % female) reported being diagnosed or treated by a professional with one or more of the above conditions within the last 12 months.

Proportion of college students who reported any of the following:

Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)	6.4 %
Chronic illness (e.g., cancer, diabetes, auto-immune disorders)	6.9 %
Deafness/Hearing loss	2.0 %
Learning disability	1.8 %
Mobility/Dexterity disability	1.1 %
Partial sightedness/Blindness	1.4 %
Psychiatric condition	6.6 %
Speech or language disorder	0.8 %
Other disability	1.4 %
Other disability	1.4 %

#### **B.** Disease and Injury Prevention

College students reported receiving the following vaccinations (shots):

- 74.4 % reported receiving vaccination against hepatitis B.
- 40.7 % reported receiving vaccination against Human Papillomavirus/HPV (cervical cancer vaccine).
- 50.9 % reported receiving vaccination against influenza (flu) in the last 12 months (shot or nasal mist).
- 83.0 % reported receiving vaccination against measles, mumps, rubella.
- 66.0 % reported receiving vaccination against meningococcal meningitis.
- 56.2 % reported receiving vaccination against varicella (chicken pox).

Other disease prevention practices reported by college students:

- 62.6 % reported having a dental exam and cleaning in the last 12 months.
- 29.3 % of males reported performing a testicular self exam in the last 30 days.
- 44.4 % of females reported performing a breast self exam in the last 30 days.
- 63.6 % of females reported having a routine gynecological exam in the last 12 months.
- 59.2 % reported using sunscreen regularly with sun exposure.
- 40.8 % reported ever being tested for Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection.

College students reported the following behaviors within the last 12 months:

Percent (%)	N/A, did not do this activity within the last 12 months	Never*	Rarely or sometimes*	Mostly or always*
Wear a seatbelt when you				
rode in a car	0.5	0.4	2.0	97.7
Wear a helmet when you				
rode a bicycle	50.6	27.2	20.1	52.7
Wear a helmet when you				
rode a motorcycle	84.9	7.3	6.1	86.5
Wear a helmet when you				
were inline skating	88.7	30.7	16.6	52.7

\* Students responding "N/A, did not do this activity within the last 12 months" were excluded.

#### **C. Academic Impacts**

Within the last 12 months, students reported the following factors affecting their individual academic performance, defined as: received a lower grade on an exam, or an important project; received a lower grade in the course; received an incomplete or dropped the course; or experienced a significant disruption in thesis, dissertation, research, or practicum work; (listed alphabetically):

Alcohol use:	1.4 %	Gambling:	0.2 %
Allergies:	1.8 %	Homesickness:	2.7 %
Anxiety:	16.7 %	Injury:	1.5 %
Assault (physical):	0.6 %	Internet use/computer games:	5.4 %
Assault (sexual):	0.7 %	Learning disability:	1.6 %
Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder:	3.8 %	Participation in extracurricular	
Cold/Flu/Sore throat:	6.2 %	activities:	3.2 %
Concern for a troubled friend		Pregnancy (yours or partner's):	1.1 %
or family member:	6.8 %	Relationship difficulties:	5.9 %
Chronic health problem or serious illness:	3.5 %	Roommate difficulties:	2.7 %
Chronic pain:	2.5 %	Sexually transmitted disease/	
Death of a friend or family member:	3.7 %	infection (STD/I):	0.4 %
Depression:	10.2 %	Sinus infection/Ear infection/	
Discrimination:	1.5 %	Bronchitis/Strep throat:	2.4 %
Drug use:	0.6 %	Sleep difficulties:	11.2 %
Eating disorder/problem:	0.9 %	Stress:	20.0 %
Finances:	5.1 %	Work:	12.0 %
		Other:	3.0 %

#### D. Violence, Abusive Relationships and Personal Safety

Within the last 12 months, college students reported experiencing:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
A physical fight	2.9	1.3	2.0
A physical assault (not sexual assault)	1.8	1.7	1.8
A verbal threat	15.1	11.7	13.3
Sexual touching without their consent	2.7	6.5	5.3
Sexual penetration attempt without their consent	0.7	2.2	1.7
Sexual penetration without their consent	0.4	1.3	1.0
Stalking	1.8	4.6	3.7
An emotionally abusive intimate relationship	6.1	8.1	7.4
A physically abusive intimate relationship	1.0	1.4	1.3
A sexually abusive intimate relationship	0.7	1.2	1.1

College students reported feeling *very safe* :

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
On their campus (daytime)		85.3	78.9	81.1
On their campus (nighttime)		54.3	25.9	36.6
In the community surrounding their				
school (daytime)		58.8	48.0	52.0
In the community surrounding their				
school (nighttime)		34.4	14.0	21.7

#### E. Tobacco, Alcohol and Marijuana Use

Reported use versus perceived use - reported use for all students within the past 30 days compared with how often students perceived the typical student on campus used substances within the same time period. The last line of each table combines all categories of any use in the last 30 days.

Cigarette	Actual Use		
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	67.4	76.7	73.0
Used, but not in the last 30 days	18.4	16.5	17.4
Used 1-9 days	7.3	3.6	5.0
Used 10-29 days	2.6	1.1	1.7
Used all 30 days	4.3	2.1	2.9
Any use within the last 30 days	14.2	6.8	9.6

Perceived Use					
Male	Female	Total			
14.9	11.7	12.8			
15.8	15.3	15.5			
42.7	43.8	43.3			
15.4	16.5	16.1			
11.2	12.8	12.2			
69.3	73.1	71.7			

E-Cigarette	Actual Use		
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	87.5	92.2	90.4
Used, but not in the last 30 days	9.3	6.5	7.6
Used 1-9 days	1.7	0.9	1.2
Used 10-29 days	0.6	0.1	0.3
Used all 30 days	0.9	0.3	0.5
Any use within the last 30 days	3.2	1.2	2.0

	Perceived Use				
	Male	Female	Total		
	22.0	17.3	19.0		
	13.1	12.9	13.0		
	44.0	41.6	42.4		
	13.1	18.0	16.3		
Γ	7.8	10.1	9.4		
	64.9	69.8	68.0		

Tobacco from a water pipe (hookah)	Α	ctual Use			
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total		
Never used	78.0	80.6	79.5		
Used, but not in the last 30 days	18.0	17.2	17.5		
Used 1-9 days	3.5	1.9	2.6		
Used 10-29 days	0.3	0.2	0.2		
Used all 30 days	0.3	0.0	0.1		
Any use within the last 30 days	4.1	2.2	2.9		

Perceived	Use

Male	Female	Total
26.2	18.7	21.4
18.9	17.2	17.9
45.6	50.6	48.7
6.5	10.2	8.9
2.8	3.3	3.1
54.9	64.1	60.7

Alcohol Actual U			se
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	17.2	12.0	14.0
Used, but not in the last 30 days	11.5	12.2	11.9
Used 1-9 days	50.2	56.3	53.8
Used 10-29 days	18.6	18.3	18.5
Used all 30 days	2.4	1.4	1.8
Any use within the last 30 days	71.3	75.9	74.1

Marijuana	A	Actual Use			
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total		
Never used	69.1	67.7	68.0		
Used, but not in the last 30 days	19.4	22.0	21.2		
Used 1-9 days	7.7	7.0	7.2		
Used 10-29 days	2.6	1.8	2.1		
Used all 30 days	1.3	1.4	1.4		
Any use within the last 30 days	11.5	10.3	10.8		

Perceived Use				
Male	Female	Total		
7.1	3.6	5.0		
2.3	1.4	1.7		
38.0	33.7	35.1		
41.6	48.2	45.7		
11.0	13.1	12.5		
90.7	95.1	93.3		

Perceived Use				
Female	Total			
10.9	14.7			
7.3	7.9			
47.9	47.0			
25.6	22.7			
8.3	7.7			
81.8	77.4			
	Female   10.9   7.3   47.9   25.6   8.3			

#### **Drinking and Driving**

■ 1.3 % of college students reported driving after having 5 or more drinks in the last 30 days.\*

■ 37.3 % of college students reported driving after having *any alcohol* in the last 30 days.\*

\*Students responding "N/A, don't drive" and "N/A don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

Estimated Blood Alcohol Concentration (or eBAC) of college students reporting 1 or more drinks the last time they "partied" or socialized. **Students reporting 0 drinks were excluded from the analysis**. Due to the improbability of a student surviving a drinking episode resulting in an extremely high eBAC, all students with an eBAC of 0.50 or higher are also omitted from these eBAC figures. eBAC is an estimated figure based on the reported number of drinks consumed during the last time they "partied" or socialized, their approximate time of consumption, sex, weight, and the average rate of ethanol metabolism.

Estimated BAC	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
< .08		89.3	82.0	84.6
<.10		92.6	87.8	89.6
Mean		0.03	0.04	0.04
Median		0.02	0.02	0.02
Std Dev		0.04	0.05	0.05

Reported number of drinks consumed the last time students "partied" or socialized. Only students reporting one or more drinks were included.

Number of drinks*	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
4 or fewer		67.5	78.8	74.8
5		11.4	8.8	9.7
6		7.4	5.1	5.9
7 or more		13.6	7.3	9.6
Mean		4.02	3.27	3.56
Median		3.00	3.00	3.00
Std Dev		2.88	2.28	2.82

\* Students reporting 0 drinks were excluded.

Reported number of times college students consumed five or more drinks in a sitting within the last two weeks:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
N/A don't drink	21.7	16.3	18.5
None	45.2	60.0	54.4
1-2 times	25.7	20.1	22.2
3-5 times	6.2	3.1	4.2
6 or more times	1.3	0.4	0.8

Percent of college students who reported using prescription drugs that were not prescribed to them within the last 12 months:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Antidepressants		1.6	2.3	2.1
Erectile dysfunction drugs		0.9	0.3	0.6
Pain killers		4.1	3.4	3.7
Sedatives		2.3	3.4	3.1
Stimulants		4.3	4.4	4.4
Used 1 or more of the above		8.8	9.6	9.4

College students reported doing the following *most of the time* or *always* when they "partied" or socialized during the last 12 months:\*

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Alternate non-alcoholic with alcoholic beverages	30.1	44.8	39.8
Avoid drinking games	52.4	58.2	56.4
Choose not to drink alcohol	19.1	22.8	21.6
Determine in advance not to exceed a set number of drinks	41.9	47.8	45.9
Eat before and/or during drinking	79.1	86.9	84.0
Have a friend let you know when you have had enough	29.0	37.7	34.7
Keep track of how many drinks being consumed	68.4	77.0	73.9
Pace drinks to one or fewer an hour	37.9	54.0	48.3
Stay with the same group of friends the entire time drinking	83.3	93.3	89.8
Stick with only one kind of alcohol when drinking	56.7	66.0	62.7
Use a designated driver	74.6	85.5	81.6
Reported one or more of the above	95.8	98.8	97.8

\*Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

College students who drank alcohol reported experiencing the following in the last 12 months when drinking alcohol:\*

Percent	(%)	Male	Female	Total
Did something you later regretted		25.1	26.4	26.0
Forgot where you were or what you did		17.3	18.8	18.3
Got in trouble with the police		0.7	0.4	0.6
Someone had sex with me without my consent		0.8	0.9	0.9
Had sex with someone without their consent		0.1	0.2	0.2
Had unprotected sex		21.4	17.0	18.7
Physically injured yourself		6.7	7.1	7.0
Physically injured another person		0.6	0.3	0.5
Seriously considered suicide		2.2	1.8	2.0
Reported one or more of the above		42.7	39.6	40.7

9

\*Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

#### F. Sexual Behavior

College students reported having the following number of sexual partners (oral sex, vaginal or anal intercourse) within the last 12 months:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
None		29.0	21.4	24.4
1		51.0	61.4	57.4
2		6.3	8.7	7.8
3		4.2	3.6	3.8
4 or more		9.5	4.8	6.6

Number of partners among students reporting to have at least one sexual partner within the last 12 months:\*

	Male	Female	Total
Mean	2.35	1.56	1.84
Median	1.00	1.00	1.00
Std Dev	4.80	2.10	3.31

\*Students reporting 0 sexual partners within the last 12 months were excluded.

College students reported having oral, vaginal or anal sex in the last 30 days:

#### Oral sex within the past 30 days

Oral sex within the past 30 days			
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, have never done this sexual activity	28.5	19.9	23.2
No, have done this sexual activity but not in the last 30 days	27.2	32.0	30.1
Yes	44.3	48.1	46.8

#### Vaginal sex within the past 30 days

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, have never done this sexual activity	30.2	18.0	22.7
No, have done this sexual activity but not in the last 30 days	20.2	21.8	21.1
Yes	49.6	60.2	56.2

#### Anal sex within the past 30 days

Anal sex within the past 50 days			
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, have never done this sexual activity	66.9	68.8	68.0
No, have done this sexual activity but not in the last 30 days	25.0	27.1	26.3
Yes	8.1	4.1	5.7

Using a condom or other protective barrier within the last 30 days (*mostly or always*):

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Sexually active students reported*				
Oral sex		4.5	4.5	4.6
Vaginal intercourse		41.4	35.6	37.6
Anal intercourse		32.5	17.5	24.6

\*Students responding "Never did this sexual activity" or "Have not done this during the last thirty days" were excluded from the analysis.

#### Contraceptive use reported by students or their partner the last time they had vaginal intercourse:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Yes, used a method of contraception	52.3	66.1	60.8
Not applicable/Didn't use a method/Don't know	47.7	33.9	39.2

If YES to contraceptive use the last time student had vaginal intercourse, reported means of birth control used among college students or their partner to prevent pregnancy:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Birth control pills (monthly or extended cycle)	47.9	47.7	47.6
Birth control shots	2.6	1.8	2.1
Birth control implants	5.4	4.7	5.0
Birth control patch	0.7	0.3	0.5
Vaginal ring	3.2	4.4	4.1
Intrauterine device	12.4	16.4	15.2
Male condom	60.3	48.6	52.4
Female condom	0.8	0.5	0.7
Diaphragm or cervical cap	0.3	0.0	0.2
Contraceptive sponge	0.4	0.0	0.2
Spermicide (foam, jelly, cream)	4.1	1.8	2.6
Fertility awareness (calendar, mucous, basal body temperature)	6.1	7.0	6.7
Withdrawal	22.7	26.0	24.9
Sterilization (hysterectomy, tubes tied, vasectomy)	4.2	5.5	5.3
Other method	2.1	1.1	1.5
Male condom use plus another method	38.6	35.2	36.2
Any two or more methods (excluding male condoms)	25.0	25.2	25.1

• 9.8 % of sexually active college students reported using (or reported their partner used) emergency contraception ("morning after pill") within the last 12 months.

(male: 9.6 %; female: 9.9 %).\*

\*Students responding "Not sexually active" were excluded from the analysis.

■ 0.9 % of college students who had vaginal intercourse within the last 12 months reported experiencing an unintentional pregnancy or got someone pregnant within the last 12 months. (male: 0.9 %; female: 1.0 %).\*\*

\*\*Students responding "Have not had vaginal intercourse within the last 12 months" were excluded from the analysis. 11

#### G. Nutrition and Exercise

College students reported usually eating the following number of servings of fruits and vegetables per day:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 servings per day	7.4	4.0	5.4
1-2 per day	63.9	55.9	58.6
3-4 per day	24.2	32.6	29.6
5 or more per day	4.4	7.5	6.4

College students reported the following behaviors within the past 7 days:

#### Do moderate-intensity cardio or aerobic exercise for at least 30 minutes:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		24.2	24.4	24.4
1-4 days		57.6	60.8	59.6
5-7 days		18.2	14.8	16.0

#### Do vigorous-intensity cardio or aerobic exercise for at least 20 minutes:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		41.9	48.0	45.8
1-2 days		32.8	29.7	30.8
3-7 days		25.3	22.3	23.4

Physical Activity and Public Health: Updated Recommendations for Adults. From the American College of Sports Medicine and the American Heart Association (2007): Moderate-intensity cardio or aerobic exercise for at least 30 minutes on 5 or more days per week, or vigorous-intensity cardio or aerobic exercise for at least 20 minutes on 3 or more days per week.

# Students meeting the Recommendations for moderate-intensity exercise, vigorous-intensity exercise, or a combination of the two (2 moderate-intensity exercise periods = 1 vigorous-intensity exercise period).

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Guidelines met		43.1	39.0	40.5



Estimated average Body Mass Index (BMI): This figure incorporates reported height, and weight to form a general indicator of physical health. Categories defined by The World Health Organization (WHO) 2000, reprinted 2004. Obesity: Preventing and Managing the Global Epidemic. WHO Tech Report Series: 894.

BMI	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
<18.5 Underweight		2.5	5.4	4.3
18.5-24.9 Healthy Weight		48.2	55.4	52.6
25-29.9 Overweight		34.8	22.4	27.1
30-34.9 Class I Obesity		10.8	9.4	9.9
35-39.9 Class II Obesity		2.6	4.2	3.6
≥40 Class III Obesity		1.1	3.2	2.5
Mean		25.60	25.17	25.38
Median		24.96	23.63	24.21

## H. Mental Health

Std Dev

Students reported experiencing the following within the last 12 months:

#### Felt things were hopeless

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	39.5	30.8	34.0
No, not last 12 months	22.4	25.6	24.5
Yes, last 2 weeks	14.1	15.6	15.1
Yes, last 30 days	6.9	8.2	7.7
Yes, in last 12 months	17.0	19.7	18.7
Any time within			
the last 12 months	38.1	43.6	41.5

Felt overwhelmed by all you had to do					
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total		
No, never	20.2	7.6	12.4		
No, not last 12 months	11.5	5.4	7.7		
Yes, last 2 weeks	33.7	52.3	45.4		
Yes, last 30 days	15.1	16.4	15.9		
Yes, in last 12 months	19.5	18.3	18.6		
Any time within					
the last 12 months	68.4	87.0	79.9		

# Felt exhausted (not from physical activity)

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	19.8	9.0	13.1
No, not last 12 months	9.7	5.7	7.2
Yes, last 2 weeks	36.7	51.7	46.2
Yes, last 30 days	15.4	16.4	16.0
Yes, in last 12 months	18.3	17.2	17.4
Any time within			
the last 12 months	70.4	85.3	79.6

#### Felt very lonely

4.67 6.14 5.90

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	29.6	21.8	24.8
No, not last 12 months	24.7	22.7	23.4
Yes, last 2 weeks	18.3	20.8	19.8
Yes, last 30 days	9.3	12.8	11.4
Yes, in last 12 months	18.0	22.0	20.6
Any time within			
the last 12 months	45.6	55.6	51.8

#### Felt very sad

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	25.7	16.4	20.0
No, not last 12 months	23.0	19.3	20.5
Yes, last 2 weeks	19.4	24.4	22.6
Yes, last 30 days	11.5	14.2	13.1
Yes, in last 12 months	20.4	25.7	23.7
Any time within			
the last 12 months	51.3	64.2	59.5

#### Felt overwhelming anxiety

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	37.4	22.9	28.3
No, not last 12 months	19.1	14.8	16.4
Yes, last 2 weeks	15.0	25.2	21.5
Yes, last 30 days	10.2	14.5	13.0
Yes, in last 12 months	18.2	22.5	20.9
Any time within			
the last 12 months	43.5	62.3	55.3

#### Seriously considered suicide

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	82.0	80.1	80.3
No, not last 12 months	11.8	14.4	13.7
Yes, last 2 weeks	1.9	0.9	1.3
Yes, last 30 days	0.8	0.9	0.9
Yes, in last 12 months	3.4	3.7	3.7
Any time within			
the last 12 months	6.1	5.5	5.9

# Intentionally cut, burned, bruised, or otherwise injured yourself

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	88.6	82.9	84.7
No, not last 12 months	8.1	13.9	11.9
Yes, last 2 weeks	1.1	0.6	0.9
Yes, last 30 days	0.5	0.5	0.5
Yes, in last 12 months	1.6	2.1	2.0
Any time within			
the last 12 months	3.3	3.3	3.4

# Felt so depressed that it was difficult to function

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	45.4	38.5	41.0
No, not last 12 months	25.0	25.9	25.5
Yes, last 2 weeks	9.5	11.7	10.9
Yes, last 30 days	5.8	7.2	6.6
Yes, in last 12 months	14.3	16.7	16.0
Any time within			
the last 12 months	29.6	35.6	33.5

#### Felt overwhelming anger

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	41.5	38.4	39.5
No, not last 12 months	27.9	25.8	26.5
Yes, last 2 weeks	8.8	9.7	9.4
Yes, last 30 days	7.4	8.2	8.0
Yes, in last 12 months	14.4	17.9	16.7
Any time within the last 12 months	30.6	35.7	34.1
the tust 12 months	50.0	35.7	54.1

#### Attempted suicide

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No, never	92.7	92.4	92.1
No, not last 12 months	6.2	7.2	7.1
Yes, last 2 weeks	0.6	0.1	0.3
Yes, last 30 days	0.1	0.1	0.1
Yes, in last 12 months	0.5	0.3	0.4
4			
Any time within the last 12 months	1.2	0.4	0.8

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Anorexia	0.7	1.3	1.1
Anxiety	8.5	21.1	16.7
Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder	5.1	4.4	4.8
Bipolar Disorder	1.4	1.2	1.4
Bulimia	0.6	1.0	0.9
Depression	8.4	15.4	13.1
Insomnia	3.4	4.9	4.5
Other sleep disorder	2.6	2.3	2.5
Obsessive Compulsive Disorder	1.4	2.1	2.0
Panic attacks	3.4	9.3	7.3
Phobia	0.9	0.7	0.9
Schizophrenia	0.4	0.2	0.3
Substance abuse or addiction	1.2	0.7	1.0
Other addiction	0.8	0.3	0.5
Other mental health condition	2.4	3.0	2.8
Students reporting none of the above	82.7	71.1	75.1
Students reporting only one of the above	7.5	10.2	9.2
Students reporting both Depression and Anxiety	5.3	12.1	9.8
Students reporting any two or more of the above			
excluding the combination of Depression and Anxiety	4.5	7.2	6.5

#### Within the last 12 months, diagnosed or treated by a professional for the following:

\_\_\_\_\_

### Within the last 12 months, any of the following been traumatic or very difficult to handle:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Academics	33.4	43.4	39.6
Career-related issue	33.0	34.4	33.9
Death of family member or friend	8.0	15.6	12.8
Family problems	16.3	24.8	21.8
Intimate relationships	24.3	28.7	27.0
Other social relationships	15.7	18.4	17.5
Finances	27.9	33.5	31.4
Health problem of family member or partner	14.0	19.4	17.5
Personal appearance	13.0	21.6	18.6
Personal health issue	12.5	20.4	17.5
Sleep difficulties	21.2	25.7	24.1
Other	6.1	6.4	6.5
Students reporting none of the above	36.8	24.8	29.3
Students reporting only one of the above	14.3	14.7	14.4
Students reporting 2 of the above	12.1	13.0	12.6
Students reporting 3 or more of the above	36.7	47.6	43.7

## Within the last 12 months, how would you rate the overall level of stress experienced:

Percent (%	) Male	Female	Total
No stress	4.9	1.1	2.6
Less than average stress	13.2	4.7	7.9
Average stress	34.8	28.9	31.0
More than average stress	37.4	49.9	45.1
Tremendous stress	9.7	15.4	13.4

#### I. Sleep

#### Past 7 days, getting enough sleep to feel rested in the morning:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		8.7	11.0	10.2
1-2 days		25.4	29.6	28.2
3-5 days		47.4	44.4	45.4
6+ days		18.4	15.0	16.3

## Past 7 days, how often felt tired, dragged out, or sleepy during the day:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		16.0	9.5	12.1
1-2 days		41.1	33.0	35.7
3-5 days		33.6	42.0	39.0
6+ days		9.3	15.5	13.3

#### Past 7 days, how much of a problem with sleepiness during daytime activities:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
No problem	16.6	12.3	14.0
A little problem	52.3	50.7	51.2
More than a little problem	19.5	22.0	21.2
A big problem	8.5	11.1	10.1
A very big problem	3.1	3.8	3.5

# **Demographics and Student Characteristics**

Age:			Students describe themselves	s as:	
18 - 20 years:	0.2 %	6	White:	58.6	%
21 - 24 years:	32.0 %	6	Black or African American:	6.4	%
25 - 29 years:	38.1 %	6	Hispanic or Latino/a:	9.0	%
30+ years:	29.8 %	6	Asian or Pacific Islander:	23.1	%
			American Indian, Alaskan		
Gender*			Native or Native Hawaiian:	1.5	%
Female:	61.4 %	6	Biracial or Multiracial:	3.1	%
Male:	36.8 %	6	Other:	3.9	%
Non-binary	1.9 %	6			
			International Student:		
■ Student status:			International:	24.6	%
1st year undergraduate:	0.0 %	6			
2nd year undergraduate:	0.0 %	6	Students describe themselves	s as:	
3rd year undergraduate:	0.0 %	6	Asexual:	5.8	%
4th year undergraduate:	0.0 %	6	Bisexual:	5.3	%
5th year or more undergraduate:	0.0 %	6	Gay:	2.5	%
Graduate or professional:	100.0 %	6	Lesbian:	0.9	%
Not seeking a degree:	0.0 %	6	Pansexual:	0.8	%
Other:	0.0 %	6	Queer:	0.8	%
			Questioning:	0.5	%
Full-time student:	81.2 %	6	Same Gender Loving	0.0	%
Part-time student:	17.8 %	6	Straight/Heterosexual	82.5	%
Other student:	1.1 %	6	Another identity:	0.9	%
Relationship status:			■ Housing:		
Not in a relationship:	35.9 %	6	Campus residence hall:	3.3	%
In a relationship but not living together:	26.1 %	6	Fraternity or sorority house:	0.1	%
In a relationship and living together:	38.1 %	6	Other university housing:	4.5	%
			Parent/guardian home:	7.1	%
Marital status:			Other off-campus housing:	72.5	%
Single:	66.8 %	6	Other:	12.4	%
Married/Partnered:	29.1 %	6			
Separated/Divorced/Other:	4.1 %	6	Participated in organized co	llege a	thletics:
			Varsity:	1.8	%
Primary Source of Health Insurance:			Club sports:	4.8	%
College/university sponsored			Intramurals:	10.9	%
plan:	44.9 %	6			
Parents' plan:	21.3 %	6	Member of a social fraternit	y or so	rority:
Another plan:	31.5 %	6	Greek member:	6.6	%
Don't have health insurance:	2.0 %	6			
Not sure if have plan:	0.3 %	6			

\* See note on page 2 regarding gender categories

### **Demographics of Participating Institutions**

Fifty nine postsecondary institutions self-selected to participate in the Fall 2016 ACHA National College Health Assessment and 36,385 surveys were completed by students on these campuses. For the purpose of forming the Reference Group, only institutions located in the United States that surveyed all students or used a random sampling technique are included in the analysis, yielding a final data set consisting of 33,512 students at 51 schools. This report includes only data from 5,099 GRADUATE AND PROFESSIONAL students at 34 schools. Demographic characteristics of the 51 campuses follow.

Demographical Characteristics of the 34 US Postsecondary Institutions Included in the Fall 2016 ACHA-NCHA II GRADUATE STUDENT Reference Group		
Campus Characteristic	п	
Type of Institution		
Public	22	
Private	12	
2-year	3	
4-year or above	31	
Location of Campus		
Northeast (CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT)	5	
Midwest (IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, WI)	11	
South (AL, AR, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC,		
TN, TX, VA, WV)	11	
West (AK, AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY)	7	
Campus Size		
< 2,500 students	7	
2,500 – 4,999 students	3	
5,000 – 9,999 students	7	
10,000 – 19,999 students	6	
20,000 students or more	11	
Campus Setting		
Very large city (population over 500,000)	6	
Large city (population 250,000-499,999)	7	
Small city (population 50,000-249,999)	8	
Large town (population 10,000 – 49,999)	9	
Small town (population 2,500-9,999)	3	
Rural community (population under 2,500)	1	
Carnegie Classification		
Associates Colleges	3	
Baccalaureate Associates Colleges	4	
Baccalaureate Colleges	2	
Masters Colleges and Universities	9	
Research Institutions	16	
Special Focus Institutions	0	

Demographical Characteristics of the 34 US Postsecondary Institutions Incluin the Fall 2016 ACHA-NCHA II GRADUATE STUDENT Reference Group		
Campus Characteristic	п	
ACHA Membership Status		
Institutional Member	31	
Nonmember	3	
Religious Affiliation		
No	29	
Yes	4	
If yes:		
Catholic	4	
Protestant or Other Christian		
Postsecondary Minority Institution (US Department of Education)		
No	2	
Yes		
<u>*If yes:</u>		
Postsecondary Minority Institution		
Historically Black College or University (HBCU)		
High Hispanic Enrollment		
Hispanic-serving Institution (HSI)		
Tribal College or University		
Predominately Black Institution		
Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving		
Alaska Native-serving or Native Hawaiian-serving Institution		
Native American-serving Nontribal Institution		
*institutions may hold more than one type of minority status		

	All Fall 2016 Institutions	Paper Survey Administration	Web Survey Administration
Number of institutions	34	3	48
Number of students	5,099	30	5,069
Mean response proportion*	22%	100%	15%
Median response proportion*	14%	100%	14%

\*Calculation of response proportion is based all students surveyed at the institution, and not limited to only graduate/professional student responses.