Reference Group Executive Summary

Fall 2002

American College Health Association National College Health Assessment

ACHA-NCHA

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The ACHA-NCHA supports the health of the campus community by fulfilling the academic mission, supporting short- and long-term healthy behaviors, and gaining a current profile of health trends within the campus community.

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Introduction

Health issues and health-related costs can have a major impact upon the quality of student and academic life at institutions of higher education. The ACHA-National College Health Assessment (ACHA-NCHA) is a national research survey organized by the American College Health Association (ACHA) to assist college health service providers, health educators, counselors, and administrators in collecting data about their students' habits, behaviors, and perceptions on the most prevalent health topics.

ACHA initiated the survey in 1998; the survey now provides the largest known comprehensive data set on the health of college students, providing the college health and higher education fields with a vast spectrum of research on student health.

For additional information about the survey's development, design, and methodology, email E. Victor Leino, PhD (vleino@acha.org).

ACHA, the nation's principal advocate and leadership organization for college and university health, represents a diverse membership that provides and supports the delivery of health care and prevention and wellness services for the nation's 16 million college students. For more information about the association's programs and services, visit www.acha.org.

This Executive Summary highlights results of the ACHA-NCHA Fall 2002 survey for a Reference Group consisting of

10,374 respondents.

Possible Uses of the ACHA-NCHA

The following are possible uses of the ACHA-NCHA findings:

- o Determine priority health issues among student populations.
- o Provide prevalence rates and formulate baseline data for tracking trends.
- o Measure progress and effectiveness of intervention strategies.
- o Support institutional policies and local laws that affect the health of a campus community.
- o Create individual reports, information campaigns, research projects to educate both campus and community partners.
- o Distribute risk factor information about the student population through summary reports that focus on specific health topics or problem areas.
- o Monitor prevalence and care for specific chronic disease groups.
- o Monitor acute illness and prevention efforts.
- o Provide group or cohort-specific estimates.
- o Assess the correlation between one characteristic or behavior and another in a given population.
- o Identify students' level of self-knowledge about health protection practices and illnesses.
- o Identify students' perceptions about peer behavior.
- o Assess the impact of health and behavior factors on academic performance.
- o Track the progress of selected objectives in Healthy Campus 2000 and Healthy Campus 2010 for ongoing and future tracking.

Note on use of data:

Missing values have been excluded from analysis. Students responding "not applicable" were excluded from several analyses, which are specifically noted throughout this document. All response categories were included, including "don't know" or "0" unless otherwise noted.

Findings

A. General Health of College Students

■ 58.7 % of students surveyed (61.4 % male and 57.1 % female) described their health as very good or excellent.

Within the last 12 months, college students reported experiencing:

Allergy problems:	47.8 %	Repetitive stress injury:	5.4 %
Anorexia:	1.8 %	Seasonal affective disorder:	4.4 %
Anxiety disorder:	9.6 %	Substance abuse problem:	3.3 %
Asthma:	11.2 %	Back pain:	45.4 %
Bulimia:	2.1 %	Broken bone/fracture:	6.6 %
Chronic fatigue syndrome:	3.2 %	Bronchitis:	8.3 %
Depression:	18.9 %	Chlamydia:	0.8 %
Diabetes:	1.0 %	Ear infection:	12.2 %
Endometriosis:	1.0 %	Gonorrhea:	0.5 %
Genital herpes:	0.8 %	Mononucleosis:	2.9 %
Genital warts/HPV:	1.0 %	Pelvic inflammatory disease:	0.5 %
Hepatitis B or C:	0.5 %	Sinus infection:	28.5 %
High blood pressure:	3.7 %	Strep throat:	16.2 %
High cholesterol:	2.7 %	Tuberculosis:	0.4 %
HIV infection:	0.2 %		

 $^{76.1\,}$ % of college students ($72.9\,$ % male, $83.2\,$ % female) experienced one or more of the above conditions within the last 12 months.

B. Preventive Health

Preventive health practices among college students:

- 70.2 % reported being vaccinated against hepatitis B.
- 51.7 % reported being vaccinated against meningococcal disease.
- 51.8 % reported being vaccinated against varicella (chicken pox).
- 80.7 % reported being vaccinated with measles, mumps, rubella (2 shots).
- 24.8 % reported being vaccinated against the flu in the last year.
- 81.4 % reported having a dental exam and cleaning in the last year.
- 39.1 % of males students reported that they performed testicular self exam in the last month.
- 41.0 % of female students reported that they performed breast self exam in the last month.
- 55.2 % of females reported having a routine gynecological exam in the last year.
- 91.1 % reported having their blood pressure checked in the last 2 years.
- 43.4 % reported having cholesterol checked in the last 5 years.
- 14.5 % reported using sunscreen daily.

College students reported the following behaviors within the last 12 months:

Percent (%)	N/A, didn't drive, ride, or skate within the last 12 months	Never	Rarely or sometimes	Mostly or always	Mostly or always (N/A responses not included)*
Wore a seatbelt	0.3	0.9	7.7	91.1	91.4
Wore a helmet when riding					
a bicycle	51.4	27.0	9.3	12.3	25.2
Wore a helmet when riding					
a motorcycle	82.5	3.0	1.5	12.9	73.9
Wore a helmet when inline					
skating	73.6	18.9	3.9	3.6	13.6

^{*} Students responding "N/A, didn't drive, ride, or skate within the last 12 months" were excluded from this analysis.

C. Academic Impacts

Within the last 12 months students reported the following factors affecting their individual academic performance, i.e. received an incomplete, dropped a course, received a lower grade in a class, on an exam, or on an important project (listed alphabetically):

Alcohol use:	5.8 %	Eating disorder/problem:	1.6 %
Allergies:	4.2 %	HIV infection:	0.3 %
Assault (physical):	0.8 %	Injury:	3.7 %
Assault (sexual):	0.9 %	Internet use/computer games:	11.3 %
Attention deficit disorder:	4.7 %	Learning disability:	3.3 %
Cold/flu/sore throat:	18.6 %	Mononucleosis:	1.9 %
Concern for a troubled		Pregnancy (yours or partner's)	0.9 %
friend or family member:	15.6 %	Relationship difficulty:	13.4 %
Chronic illness:	2.3 %	Sexually transmitted disease:	0.6 %
Chronic pain:	2.5 %	Sinus infection/ear infection/	
Death of a friend/family member:	8.7 %	bronchitis/strep throat:	7.2 %
Depression/anxiety disorder/seasonal		Sleep difficulties:	20.8 %
affective disorder:	11.3 %	Stress:	26.7 %
Drug use:	2.9 %		

D. Violence

Within the last 12 months, college students reported experiencing:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
A physical fight	18.5	6.3	11.8
Being physically assaulted (non-sexually)	7.1	4.3	5.7
Verbal threats for sex against their will	3.4	4.4	4.2
Sexual touching against their will	4.6	11.0	8.4
Attempted sexual penetration against their will	1.3	4.5	3.3
Sexual penetration against their will	1.2	2.6	2.1
An emotionally abusive relationship	11.0	17.5	14.8
A physically abusive relationship	1.8	3.6	2.9
A sexually abusive relationship	1.8	2.7	2.4

E. Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use

Thirty day prevalence - substance use reported by college students (male, female, total):

Alcohol

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	29.3	25.0	26.9
Used, but not in the last 30 days	13.4	14.5	13.9
Used 1-9 days	39.8	46.4	43.4
Used 10-29 days	16.3	13.9	15.1
Used all 30 days	1.2	0.2	0.7

Cigarette

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	67.5	62.6	64.4
Used, but not in the last 30 days	11.7	13.9	12.8
Used 1-9 days	9.1	9.7	9.5
Used 10-29 days	5.3	6.5	6.0
Used all 30 days	6.5	7.3	7.2

Marijuana

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	65.4	67.4	66.4
Used, but not in the last 30 days	14.6	16.8	15.6
Used 1-9 days	11.7	11.1	11.5
Used 10-29 days	5.6	3.8	4.7
Used all 30 days	2.7	1.0	1.8

Reported use versus perceived use - reported use for all students within the past 30 days compared with how often students perceived the typical student on campus used substances within the same time period:

	Never		Used one or more days		Used daily	
	Reported	Perception of Typical	Reported	Perception of Typical	Reported	Perception of
Percent (%)	Use (total)	Use	Use (total)	Use	Use	Typical Use
					(total)	
Alcohol	26.9	5.3	58.5	59.5	0.7	35.3
Cigarettes	64.4	10.7	15.5	43.5	7.2	45.8
Marijuana	66.4	19.4	16.2	57.5	1.8	23.0

■ 6.8 % of college students reported driving after having 5 or more drinks in the last 30 days.*

^{*}Students responding "N/A, don't drive" were excluded from this analysis.

Estimated BAC (Blood Alcohol Concentration) of college students: This is an estimated figure based on the reported number of drinks consumed during the last time all students (including non-drinkers) "partied" or socialized, their approximate time of consumption, sex, and the average rate of ethanol metabolisim.

Estimated BAC	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
< .08		65.9	60.3	62.7
< .10		72.1	66.9	69.1
Mean		0.07	0.08	0.08
Median		0.04	0.05	0.05
Std Dev		0.10	0.10	0.10

Reported number of drinks consumed the last time students "partied" or socialized:

Number of drinks	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
<= 4		54.9	64.7	60.2
<= 5 <= 6		60.4	73.3	67.5
<= 6		65.9	80.7	74.1
Mean		5.33	3.65	4.43
Median		4.00	3.00	3.00
Std Dev		6.52	3.87	5.35

Reported number of times college students consumed five or more drinks in a sitting within the last two weeks:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
None	60.4	69.4	65.0
1-2 times	20.3	18.4	19.3
3-5 times	12.6	9.3	11.0
6 or more times	6.7	2.9	4.7

College students reported doing the following when they "partied" or socialized during the last 12 months:*

When at a party or when going out	usually or always
	Percent (%)
alternate non-alcoholic with alcoholic beverages:	26.6
determine in advance not to exceed a set number of drinks:	34.0
choose not to drink alcohol:	29.7
use a designated driver:	75.3
eat before and/or during drinking:	71.3
have a friend let you know when you have had enough:	35.4
keep track of how many drinks being consumed:	62.3
pace drinks to one or fewer an hour:	25.4
avoid drinking games:	39.2
drink an alcoholic look-alike:	7.6

^{*}Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

■ 94.2 % of college students reported usually doing or always doing one or more of the above behaviors when drinking alcohol during the last 12 months.*

College students who drank alcohol reported the following consequences occurring in the last 12 months as a result of their own drinking:*

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Being physically injured	17.9	17.5	17.9
Physically injured another person	8.5	4.1	6.2
Being involved in a fight	12.3	6.8	9.3
Doing something they later regretted	34.8	35.5	35.1
Forgetting where they were or what they had done	31.4	29.3	30.2
Having someone use force or threat of force to have sex	2.0	3.0	2.8
with them			
Having unprotected sex	16.7	15.8	16.5

^{*}Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

^{*}Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

F. Sexual Behavior

College students reported the following within the last 12 months:

Percent (9	%) Male	Female	Total
Having had no sexual partner	38.9	31.5	34.6
Having had 1 sexual partner	34.3	42.8	39.0
Having had 2 sexual partners	10.4	12.5	11.6
Having had 3 sexual partners	5.8	5.9	5.9
Having had 4 or more sexual partners	10.6	7.3	9.0

Number of partners among students reporting to have at least one sexual partner within the last 12 months:*

Mean	2.68	1.94	2.32
Median	1.00	1.00	1.00
Std Dev	4.81	2.48	4.24

^{*}Only students reporting to have at least one sexual partner are included in these

Oral sex within the past 30 days	ercent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual		34.1	30.2	31.8
Have not done this during the last 30		24.6	25.7	25.1
Did this 1 or more times		41.3	44.1	43.1

Vaginal sex within the past 30 days Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual	41.2	34.6	37.2
Have not done this during the last 30	20.8	19.0	19.6
Did this 1 or more times	38.0	46.3	43.2

Anal sex within the past 30 days	ercent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual		79.5	80.8	80.1
Have not done this during the last 30		15.9	15.5	15.6
Did this 1 or more times		4.7	3.6	4.2

Type of sexual behavior	Percent (%)	Oral	Vaginal	Anal
Sexually active students reported	•		•	_
Using a condom within the last 30 days (mostly	or or	4.1	52.1	23.6
always)*				
Using a condom the last time they had sex**		4.3	53.2	23.8

^{*}Students responding "Never did this sexual activity" or "Have not done this during the last thirty days" were excluded from the analysis.

Reported means of birth control used among college students or their partners to prevent pregnancy the last time they had vaginal intercourse:

Perc	cent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Birth control pills		26.0	32.9	28.9
Depo Provera (shots)		1.7	2.6	2.1
Norplant (implant)		0.1	0.1	0.1
Condoms		35.7	34.2	34.1
Diaphragm, cervical cap, sponge		0.2	0.2	0.2
Spermicide		3.9	3.1	3.4
Fertility awareness		1.8	2.4	2.1
Withdrawal		11.9	16.2	14.0
Other method	·	1.5	2.3	1.9
Nothing		4.3	3.7	4.0

■ 9.1 % of sexually active college students reported using (or reported their partner used) emergency contraception ("morning after pill") within the last 12 months (male: 8.1 %; female: 9.8 %).*

■ 2.6 % of college students who had vaginal intercourse within the last 12 months reported experiencing an unintentional pregnancy or got someone pregnant within the last 12 months. (male: 2.5 %; female: 2.5 %).**

^{**}Students responding "Never did this sexual activity" were excluded from the analysis.

^{*}Students responding "Not sexually active" were excluded from the analysis.

^{**}Students responding "Have not had vaginal intercourse within the last 12 months" were excluded from the analysis.

G. Nutrition and Exercise

Within the last 30 days, college students reported:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Exercising to lose weight	36.5	56.1	46.1
Dieting to lose weight	15.0	35.5	25.7
Vomiting or taking laxatives to lose weight	0.6	3.4	2.1
Taking diet pills to lose weight	2.2	7.2	5.0
Doing none of the above	54.5	33.2	41.5

College students reported usually eating the following number of servings of fruits and vegetables:

Percent	(%)	Male	Female	Total
Don't eat fruits and vegetables		6.5	4.2	5.4
1 or 2 per day		66.4	62.3	63.8
3-4 per day		22.9	27.8	25.7
5 or more per day		4.3	5.7	5.1

College students reported the following behaviors within the past 7 days

Participated in vigorous exercise for 20 minutes (or 30 minutes moderate exercise)

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		27.3	34.6	31.6
1-2 days		34.9	32.1	33.2
3-5 days		28.9	27.0	27.6
6+ days		9.0	6.3	7.6

Exercising to strengthen muscles	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		37.2	43.7	40.9
1-2 days		27.7	29.9	28.9
3-5 days		27.3	22.8	24.7
6+ days		7.9	3.6	5.6

Getting enough sleep

to feel rested in the morning	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		11.9	13.9	13.3
1-2 days		29.2	33.6	31.8
3-5 days		45.0	41.3	42.5
6+ days		14.0	11.2	12.3

Estimated average Body Mass Index (BMI): This figure incorporates reported height, and weight to form a general indicator of physical health.

BMI	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
< 18.5 Underweight		4.9	7.3	6.3
18.5-24.9 Healthy Weight		59.4	69.0	64.7
25-29.9 Overweight		25.8	16.4	20.5
30-34.9 Class I Obesity		7.2	4.8	5.8
35-39.9 Class II Obesity		1.8	1.5	1.7
>= 40 Class III Obesity		0.8	1.1	1.0
				<u>.</u>

Mean	24.25	23.16	23.63
Median	23.68	22.19	22.83
Std Dev	4.53	4.75	4.70

H. Depression

Students reported experiencing the following within the last 12 months:

Feeling overwhelmed by all they had to do

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never	17.8	3.9	10.1
1-10 times	63.0	63.5	63.2
11+ times	19.3	32.6	26.6

Feeling exhausted (not from physical activity)

Percent (%)			
Never	19.4	7.4	12.6
1-10 times	60.9	64.5	63.2
11+ times	19.7	28.1	24.2

Feeling very sad

Percent (%)			
Never	29.1	14.0	20.7
1-10 times	58.7	67.8	63.7
11+ times	12.2	18.2	15.6

Feeling things were hopeless

Percent (%)			
Never	49.1	31.6	39.1
1-10 times	41.2	56.2	49.8
11+ times	9.7	12.2	11.1

Feeling so depressed it was difficult to function

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never	61.1	50.3	55.1
1-10 times	32.2	41.2	37.2
11+ times	6.7	8.5	7.7

Seriously considering attempting suicide

rercent (%)			
Never	89.3	87.2	88.0
1-10 times	9.3	11.5	10.7
11+ times	1.3	1.3	1.3

Attempting suicide

Percent (%)			
Never	97.9	97.5	97.5
1-10 times	1.8	2.3	2.2
11+ times	0.4	0.2	0.3

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
College students reported diagnosed with depression		7.2	14.7	11.4

Of those students reporting ever having been diagnosed with depression in the item above...

Diagnosed with depression in the last 12 months	34.7	46.7	44.1
Currently in therapy for depression	20.6	26.9	25.2
Currently taking medication for depression	29.7	37.7	36.2

Demographics and Student Characteristics

■ Age:			■ Students describe themse	elves as:
Average age:	20.73 years		Heterosexual:	94.4 %
Median:	19.00 years		Gay/Lesbian:	1.1 %
Std Dev:	5.89 years		Bisexual:	2.4 %
			Transgendered:	0.2 %
18 - 20 years:		69.4 %	Unsure:	2.0 %
21 - 24 years:		21.8 %		
25 - 29 years:		4.2 %	■ Housing:	
30+ years:		4.6 %	Campus residence:	58.2 %
			Fraternity or sorority:	1.5 %
■ Sex*			Other university:	1.4 %
Female:		50.6 %	Off-campus:	22.2 %
Male:		37.9 %	Parent/guardian's:	13.4 %
			Other:	3.3 %
■ Student statu				
1st year underg		48.3 %	Hours of paid work per v	
2nd year underg		15.5 %	0 hours:	41.5 %
3rd year underg		14.2 %	1-9 hours:	15.9 %
4th year underg		11.3 %	10-19 hours:	19.5 %
•	e undergraduate:	4.1 %	20-29 hours:	13.3 %
Graduate or pro		5.9 %	30-39 hours:	5.0 %
Adult special or	r other:	0.8 %	40 hours:	2.2 %
			More than 40 hours:	2.6 %
Full-time stude	nt:	95.9 %		
			■ Hours of volunteer work	-
■ Relationship	status:		0 hours:	69.9 %
Single:		62.4 %	1-9 hours:	26.7 %
Married/domest	tic partner:	5.3 %	10-19 hours:	2.2 %
Engaged or con	nmitted dating		20-29 hours:	0.8 %
relationship:		31.4 %	30-39 hours:	0.2 %
Separated:		0.3 %	40 hours:	0.1 %
Divorced:		0.4 %	More than 40 hours:	0.1 %
Widowed:		0.2 %		
			■ Have any kind of health insurance	
■ Students des	cribe themselves as:		(including prepaid plans, s	uch as HMOs):
White:		71.7 %	Yes:	83.4 %
Black – not His	panic:	6.3 %	Unsure:	9.0 %
Hispanic or Lat		7.1 %		
Asian or Pacific	: Islander:	7.9 %		
American India	n or Alaskan Native:	0.9 %		
Other:		3.3 %		

^{*} Cases where sex is missing are included in the calulation of percentages for this variable

Demographics of Participating Colleges/Universities

Eighteen US postsecondary institutions self-selected to participate in the Fall 2002 National College Health Assessment and 11,036 surveys were completed by students on these campuses. For the purpose of this study, only those institutions that used a random sampling technique will be included in the analysis, yielding a final data set consisting of 10,374 students on 15 campuses. Demographic characteristics of the 15 campuses follow:

Public	7
Private	8

4-year	14
2-year	1

ACHA Member Institution	12
Non-member Institution	3

Carnegie Classification	
Doctoral/Research Universities	1
Extensive	
Doctoral /Research Universities	4
Intensive	
Masters Colleges and	7
Universities I and II	
Baccalaurate	2
Associate Colleges	1

Geographical Location	
Northeast (CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ,	8
NY, PA, RI, VT)	
Midwest (IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN,	2
MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, WI)	
South (AL, AR, DE, DC, FL, GA,	3
KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC,	
TN, TX, VA, WV)	
West (AK, AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID,	2
MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY)	

Campus Setting	
Urban > 1,000,000	2
Urban 100,000 – 1,000,000	4
Suburban	6
Rural	3
Other	0

Campus Size	
< 2,500	3
2,500 – 4,999	3
5,000 – 9,999	2
10,000 – 19,999	5
>=20,000	2

2001 ACHA-NCHA Advisory Committee (Authors)

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ACHA-NCHA Executive Summary designed by 2001 ACHA-NCHA Advisory Committee