

# GRADUATE/PROFESSIONAL STUDENT Reference Group

# **Executive Summary**

Fall 2023

The ACHA-NCHA III supports the health of the campus community by fulfilling the academic mission, supporting short- and long-term healthy behaviors, and gaining a current profile of health trends within the campus community.



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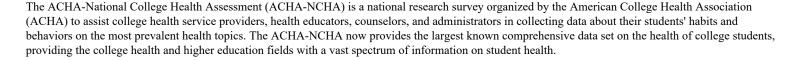
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ACHA, the nation's principal advocate and leadership organization for college and university health, represents a diverse membership that provides and supports the delivery of health care and prevention and wellness services for the nation's 20 million college students. For more information about the association's programs and services, visit www.acha.org, and www.acha.org/NCHA.

# Suggested citation for this document:

American College Health Association. American College Health Association-National College Health Assessment III: Graduate/Professional Student Reference Group Executive Summary Fall 2023. Silver Spring, MD: American College Health Association; 2024.

# **Introduction and Notes**



ACHA initiated the original ACHA-NCHA in 2000 and the instrument was used nationwide through the Spring 2008 data collection period. A revised survey, the ACHA-NCHA-II, was in use from Fall 2008 - Spring 2019 data collection periods. The survey was redesigned again, and data collection with the ACHA-NCHA III began in Fall 2019.

Please note that it is not appropriate to compare trends between versions of the survey. Directly comparing data points between the Original ACHA-NCHA, the ACHA-NCHA II, and the ACHA-NCHA III can lead to an erroneous conclusion and is not recommended.

# Notes about this report:

- 1. Missing values have been excluded from analysis and only valid percents are included in this document, unless otherwise noted.
- 2. The ACHA-NCHA III is programmed differently than earlier versions of the survey. Rather than asking the respondents to answer every question (and offering a "not applicable" option), display logic was used throughout the survey to determine whether, based on their response to an earlier question, the student saw a follow-up question. This makes the valid percents of certain questions impossible to apply to the entire sample, as the denominator used was limited to only the number of students that saw the question. When appropriate, results are also presented using the entire sample as the denominator to show the proportion of the overall sample that experienced a particular issue. These differences in presentation are carefully noted throughout the document and will often explain differences observed between this document and the full data report. Please look carefully at descriptions of the data presented in each table, as well as any footnotes included.
- 3. About the use of sex and gender in this report: Survey results are reported by sex based on the responses to questions 67A, 67B, and 67C. The responses to these questions are used to create a new variable called RSEX. RSEX is used for organizing results in the ACHA-NCHA report documents. Respondents are reported as cis men or cis women only when their responses to 67A, 67B, and 67C are consistent with one another. If gender identity is consistent with sex at birth AND "no" is selected for transgender, then respondents are designated as either cis men or cis women in RSEX. If respondents select "yes" for transgender OR their sex at birth is not consistent with their gender identity, then they are designated as transgender/gender non-conforming in RSEX. A respondent that selects "intersex" for sex at birth, "no" for transgender, and man or woman for gender identity are designated as cis men or cis women in RSEX. A respondent that selects "intersex" for sex at birth, "yes" for transgender, or selects a gender identity other than man or woman are designated as transgender/gender non-conforming in RSEX. A respondent that selects "another identity" on 67C is designated missing in RSEX. A respondent that skips any of the three questions is designated as missing in RSEX. Totals displayed in this report include missing responses. Please see the ACHA-NCHA III survey codebook for more information about how data on sex and gender are coded.
- 4. Changes from NCHA III to NCHA IIIb: To be more inclusive of online learners, N3Q2 (sense of community/belonging) wording was changed and a "does not apply" option was added to N3Q21 (sense of safety on/near campus).
- A follow-up question, N3Q40B, was added to learn if a pregnancy negatively impacted academic performance in the last 12 months.
- N3Q47A13-A18 were reworded to clarify that the respondent experienced bullying, cyberbullying, hazing, microaggression, sexual harassment, or discrimination, and was not the perpetrator.
- N3QMH1-6 were added to the mental health section to measure history of medication and therapy use.
- N3Q54C and N3Q55B (where student received medical and mental health care) were removed.
- COVID-19 vaccine (COVIDVAX) questions changed to reflect endemic.
- "Asexual" was added to N3Q68 as a standalone response option (to date, it had been recoded from write-in responses).
- Questions N3Q73B and C were added to the demographic section to learn more about dropout intention and risk.
- N3O74 was revised to be clearer about visa and international student status.
- N3Q79 (health insurance question) is now "select all that apply" and an option for insurance coverage through "an embassy or sponsoring agency for international students" was added.
- N3Q86A-C (Firearms) are now included in the standard survey (with the option to opt-out).

For additional information about the survey's development, design, and methodology, email Mary T Hoban, PhD, MCHES, (mhoban@acha.org), Christine Kukich, MS (ckukich@acha.org), or visit www.acha-ncha.org.

We need to draw your attention to an important change in your ACHA-NCHA Report documents. Beginning in Spring 2021, responses for transgender and gender-nonconforming students are readily available directly in the report documents. This represents an important change in the way we have been reporting ACHA-NCHA results. We've prepared the following information to better explain the specific changes, our reasoning for doing so, and tips for using these redesigned report documents.

### I. What we've done to date

- The ACHA-NCHA has asked respondents about their gender identity for 12 years.
- Data on transgender and gender-nonconforming (TGNC) students was available in the data file, but not displayed explicitly in the report documents documents in an effort to protect the privacy of TGNC students, particularly those students in smaller campus environments and at schools that publicly shared their ACHA-NCHA report documents.
- We have been trying to find the right balance between protecting students' privacy and making the results accessible to campus surveyors who may not use the statistical software that would be required to extract this information directly from the data files. Until now, we've erred on the side of protecting student privacy.

### II. Why change?

- The number of TGNC students in our samples has been increasing over the years. Between 2008 and 2015, the number of students identifying as TGNC was very small (less than 0.05%). We've learned over the years that gender identity is complex and fluid. To better capture this complexity, we began asking separate questions about sex at birth and gender identity in Fall 2015. Now TGNC students tend to represent 3-4% of the overall sample.
- With greater number of students identifying as TGNC on the ACHA-NCHA in recent years, we have a better opportunity to understand their needs and behaviors than we have in years past.
- A number of health disparities between TGNC students and their cisgender peers have been well documented[1], and schools need readily available access to this data in order to better address the needs of TGNC students.

# III. What's different about the way we are reporting?

- First a note about how we have been reporting ACHA-NCHA results to date. RSEX is a variable we create based on the responses to the questions on sex at birth, whether or not a student identifies as transgender, and their gender identity. The RSEX variable had allowed us to sort respondents into 4 groups for reporting purposes: male, female, non-binary, and missing. (Details about this variable can be found in all report documents.)
- The value labels for RSEX have been revised to better represent gender identity rather than sex. A value of "1" has been changed from "Male" to "Cis Men[2]." A "2" has been changed from "Female" to "Cis Women[3]." The value "3" has been changed from "non-binary" to "Transgender and Gender-Nonconforming" (TGNC), as it's a more accurate and inclusive term. The value "4" on RSEX remains "missing/unknown" and is used for students who do not answer all three questions.
- The "missing/unknown" column in the Data Report document has been <u>replaced</u> with a "Trans/Gender-Nonconforming" column. Because space limitations in the report prevent us from displaying all 4 categories plus a total column in the same document, it's now the "missing/unknown" column that is not displayed. Now when the Total of any given row is higher than the sum of the cis men, cis women, and TGNC respondents, the difference can be attributed to "missing/unknown" respondents that selected the response option presented in that row
- · A column for "Trans/Gender-Nonconforming" has been added the Executive Summary Report document.

# IV. Important considerations with this new format

- Percentages in the Executive Summary may represent a very small number of TGNC students and can limit the generalizability of a particular finding. To assist with the interpretation of the percentages displayed in the Executive Summary, the total sample size for each group has been added to
- We encourage ACHA-NCHA surveyors to carefully review their report documents, particularly among the student demographic variables, and consider students who may be inadvertently identified in the results based on a unique combination of the demographic characteristics before sharing the documents widely or publicly. This is especially true for very small schools, as well as schools that lack diversity in the student population.
- Think about the implication of working with and documenting very small samples from the perspective of making meaningful interpretations, as well as the privacy of respondents. This is true of all demographic variables, and not limited to gender identity. You may consider a minimum cell size or another threshold by which you make decisions about making your Institutional Data Report publicly available. It is less of a concern in your Institutional Executive Summary as we only display the percentages with the overall sample size.

<sup>[1]</sup> Greathouse M, BrckaLorenz A, Hoban M, Huseman R, Rankin S, Stolzenberg EB. (2018). Queer-spectrum and trans-spectrum student experiences in American higher education: The analysis of national survey findings. New Brunswick, NJ: Tyler Clementi Center, Rutgers University.

<sup>[2]</sup> Cisgender refers to people whose gender identity matches their sex assigned at birth. Cis men is short for "cisgender men" and is a term used to describe persons who identify as men and were assigned male at birth.

<sup>[3]</sup> Cis women is short for "cisgender women" and is a term used to describe persons who identify as women and were assigned female at birth.

This Executive Summary highlights results of the ACHA-NCHA III Fall 2023 survey for Graduate/Professional Student Reference Group consisting of 5206 respondents.

# **Findings**

# Cis Men n = 1882 Cis Women n = 3078 Trans/GNC n = 193

# A. General Health and Campus Climate

■ 54.5 % of college students surveyed ( 64.4 % cis men, 49.7 % cis women, and 33.5 % transgender/gender non-conforming) described their health as *very good or excellent*.

■ 88.8 % of college students surveyed ( 91.5 % cis men, 88.2 % cis women, and 75.7 % transgender/gender non-conforming) described their health as *good, very good or excellent*.

Proportion of college students who reported they agree or strongly agree that:	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
I feel that I belong at my college/university	73.6	67.8	54.7	69.3
I feel that students' health and well-being is a priority of my college/university	62.7	53.5	37.5	56.3
I feel that the climate of my college/university encourages free and open discussion about students' health				
and well-being	67.0	60.0	47.1	62.1
We are a college/university where we look out for each other	60.1	55.3	40.6	56.4

# B. Nutrition, BMI, Physical Activity, and Food Security

College students reported:	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total	
	Percent (%)			conforming	
Drinking 0 sugar-sweetened beverages (per day), on average, in the last 7 days		36.6	33.8	32.5	34.7
Drinking 1 or more sugar-sweetened beverages (per day), on average, in the last 7 days		63.4	66.2	67.5	65.3
Drinking energy drinks or shots on 0 of the past 30 days		71.2	77.4	74.9	74.9
Drinking energy drinks or shots on 1-4 of the past 30 days		16.2	12.5	9.9	13.8
Drinking energy drinks or shots on 5 or more of the past 30 days		12.6	10.1	15.2	11.3
Eating 3 or more servings of fruits (per day), on average, in the last 7 days		16.0	14.5	15.6	15.2
Eating 3 or more servings of vegetables (per day), on average, in the last 7 days		31.0	30.9	31.8	31.0

Estimated Body Mass Index (BMI): This figure incorporates reported height and weight to form a general indicator of physical health. Categories defined by The World Health Organization (WHO) 2000, reprinted 2004. Obesity: Preventing and Managing the Global Epidemic. WHO Tech Report Series: 894.

	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
BMI Percent (%)			conforming	
<18.5 Underweight	3.8	4.6	4.3	4.3
18.5-24.9 Healthy Weight	46.9	48.0	41.6	47.4
25-29.9 Overweight	33.5	24.6	23.8	27.8
30-34.9 Class I Obesity	10.8	12.5	15.1	11.9
35-39.9 Class II Obesity	3.2	5.7	7.0	4.9
≥40 Class III Obesity	1.8	4.6	8.1	3.7
				_
Mean	25.62	26.25	27.64	26.07
Median	24.94	24.77	25.51	24.82
Std Dev	5.24	6.73	8.45	6.33

# Students meeting the recommended guidelines for physical activity

Based on: US Dept of Health and Human Services. *Physical Activities Guidelines for Americans*, 2nd edition. Washington, DC: US Dept of Health and Human Services; 2018

Cis Men n = 1882 Cis Women n = 3078 Trans/GNC n = 193

# Definitions:

- Recommendation for aerobic activity: 150 minutes or more of moderate-intensity physical activity per week or 75 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity or the equivalent combination
- Recommendation for **strength training**: 2 or more days a week of moderate or greater intensity activities that involve all major muscle groups
- Active Adults meet the recommendation for strength training AND aerobic activity
- Highly Active Adults meet the recommendation for strength training and TWICE the recommendation for aerobic activity (300 minutes or more of moderate-intensity physical activity per week or 150 minutes of vigorous-intensity physical activity or the equivalent combination)

Percent (%)	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
Guidelines met for aerobic exercise only	73.9	65.0	63.8	68.3
Guidelines met for Active Adults	45.5	34.4	29.3	38.4
Guidelines met for Highly Active Adults	36.5	25.7	21.3	29.6

# **Food Security**

Based on responses to the US Household Food Security Survey Module: Six-Item Short Form (2012) from the USDA Economic Research Service.

Percent (%)	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
High or marginal food security (score 0-1)	52.1	56.1	38.8	54.1
Low food security (score 2-4)	24.7	24.1	29.3	24.4
Very low food security (score 5-6)	23.1	19.8	31.9	21.5
Any food insecurity (low or very low food security)	47.9	43.9	61.2	45.9

# C. Health Care Utilization

College students reported:	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percen	%)		conforming	
Receiving psychological or mental health services within the last 12 months	20.2	40.6	63.0	34.0
Visiting a medical provider within the last 12 months	53.7	76.6	84.8	68.5

		Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
	Percent (%)			conforming	
ver prescribed medication for a mental health condition		16.6	36.0	67.5	30.2
				•	•
Prescribed before starting at current college/university*		12.1	25.4	48.7	21.4
Prescribed after starting at current college/university*		4.3	10.4	17.6	8.5
Last 12 months, prescribed medication for a mental health condition*		8.8	21.2	40.4	17.4
*These figures use all students in the sample as the denominator, rather than just those students					
who have ever been prescribed medication for a mental health condition				Trans/	
		Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
	Percent (%)			conforming	
ver had counseling for a mental health condition		23.0	47.1	71.7	39.2

Started counseling before starting at current college/university*	15.7	33.0	57.0	27.5
Started counseling after starting at current college/university*	6.9	13.7	14.0	11.2
Last 12 month, had counseling for a mental health condition*	12.3	30.8	52.3	24.8
*These figures use all students in the sample as the denominator rather than just those students				•

<sup>\*</sup>These figures use all students in the sample as the denominator, rather than just those students who have ever had counseling for a mental health condition

Cis Men n =	1882
Cis Women n =	3078
Trans/GNC n =	193

College students reported:	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)	0.000.000		conforming	
Flu vaccine within the last 12 month	49.6	55.8	60.7	53.7
Not starting the HPV vaccine series	44.0	28.6	19.8	33.9
Starting, but not completing HPV vaccine series	3.0	5.3	6.3	4.5
Completing HPV vaccine series	25.8	53.3	61.5	43.6
Not knowing their HPV vaccine status	27.2	12.9	12.5	18.0
Ever having a GYN visit or exam (females only)		70.1	52.1	
Having a dental exam in the last 12 months	53.0	65.3	55.5	60.4
Being tested for HIV within the last 12 months	10.9	14.7	27.7	13.8
Being tested for HIV more than 12 months ago	12.8	19.0	18.8	16.7
Wearing sunscreen usually or always when outdoors	24.3	55.4	43.2	43.6
Spending time outdoors with the intention of tanning at least once in the last 12 months	27.6	43.6	31.6	37.3

# **D.** Impediments to Academic Performance

Respondents are asked in numerous places throughout the survey about issues that might have negatively impacted their academic performance within the last 12 months. This is defined as negatively impacting their performance in a class or delaying progress towards their degree. Both types of negative impacts are represented in the figures below. Please refer to the corresponding Data Report for specific figures on each type of impact. Figures in the left columns use all students in the sample as the denominator. Figures in the right columns use only the students that experienced that issue (e.g. students who used cannabis, reported a problem or challenge with finances, or experienced a particular health issue) in the denominator. (items are listed in the order in which they appear in the survey)

	Negatively impacted academic performance among <u>all students in the sample</u>						impacted acad students that e	-	
Percent (%)	Cis Men		Trans/ Gender Non- conforming			Cis Men		Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	
Alcohol use	1.6	0.6	3.1	1.0		2.4	0.8	4.0	1.4
Cannabis/marijuana use	1.1	0.4	2.1	0.7		5.9	1.6	4.4	3.0
Pregnancy or a partner's pregnancy	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.8		24.1	44.3	50.0	35.5
Problems or challenges in the last 12 months									
Career	15.9	14.4	22.8	15.2		42.3	37.2	48.9	39.6
Finances	19.6	18.2	31.1	19.2		41.1	32.9	47.6	36.4
Procrastination	33.4	37.1	53.4	36.3		56.9	56.2	66.9	57.0
Faculty	7.3	8.2	16.1	8.2		55.4	50.5	57.4	52.7
Family	7.3	10.2	15.5	9.3		32.2	29.0	32.6	30.1
Intimate Relationships	9.2	11.1	14.0	10.5		31.4	32.3	34.6	32.0
Roommate/housemate	4.1	4.5	8.3	4.5		24.6	24.1	35.6	24.8
Peers	3.8	4.5	7.8	4.4		28.0	23.6	26.8	25.3
Personal appearance	4.3	5.2	9.8	5.1		14.6	11.6	18.8	12.9
Health of someone close to me	8.7	11.8	17.1	10.8		27.4	28.8	31.7	28.4
Death of a family member, friend, or someone close to me	7.0	9.0	12.4	8.4		37.4	39.4	47.1	39.2
Bullying	2.0	2.6		2.4		42.0	39.5	31.6	39.7
Cyberbullying	1.3	0.8		1.0		40.0	35.8	26.7	37.2
Hazing	0.6	0.6				52.2	63.3	100.0	60.7
Microaggression	3.1	4.4	11.9			26.9	22.4	23.2	23.4
Sexual Harassment	0.5	1.4	3.1	1.2		28.1	19.1	19.4	21.1
Discrimination	3.0	4.0				31.0	33.7	40.8	

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Negatively impacted	academic performance
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	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)	(		conforming	
Acute Diagnoses in the last 12 months				
Bronchitis	0.4	1.6	2.6	1.2
Chlamydia	0.1	0.0	1.0	0.1
Chicken Pox (Varicella)	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1
Cold/Virus or other respiratory illness	5.7	12.2	16.6	10.0
Concussion	0.5	0.9	3.1	0.8
Gonorrhea	0.1	0.1	1.0	0.1
Flu (influenza or flu-like illness)	3.5	4.4	7.3	4.1
Mumps	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.1
Mononucleosis (mono)	0.3	0.5	2.1	0.4
Orthopedic injury	1.7	2.3	6.7	2.3
Pelvic Inflammatory Disease	0.0	0.3	2.1	0.2
Pneumonia	0.2	0.5	1.0	0.4
Shingles	0.1	0.2	1.0	0.2
Stomach or GI virus or bug, food poisoning or gastritis	2.0	4.0	5.7	3.4
Urinary tract infection	0.5	2.3	2.6	1.6

Percent (%)		Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
Any ongoing or chronic medical conditions diagnosed or treated in the last 12 months	13.3	27.0	58.0	23.2

# Other impediments to academic performance

Assault (physical)	0.4	0.8	1.6	0.7
Assault (sexual)	0.2	1.2	3.6	1.0
Allergies	2.7	3.8	6.7	3.5
Anxiety	16.0	29.2	41.5	24.8
ADHD or ADD	6.0	11.1	28.5	9.9
Concussion or TBI	0.6	1.0	4.7	1.0
Depression	11.6	18.0	38.3	16.3
Eating disorder/problem	1.9	2.3	6.2	2.3
Headaches/migraines	5.7	11.5	18.7	9.6
Influenza or influenza-like illness (the flu)	2.5	3.2	4.7	3.0
Injury	2.0	2.0	3.6	2.1
PMS	0.2	9.6	12.4	6.2
PTSD	1.3	4.2	8.3	3.3
Short-term illness	1.5	3.9	4.7	3.1
Upper respiratory illness	3.2	6.7	8.8	5.5
Sleep difficulties	12.8	17.7	31.6	16.4
Stress	21.5	35.4	52.3	30.8

# Negatively impacted academic performance

among only students that experienced the issue						
Cis Men	Cis Men Cis Women Gen		Total			
		•				
23.5	42.0	50.0	38.7			
5.6	4.3	50.0	10.9			
7.7	12.0	50.0	12.5			
30.9	37.7	46.4	36.7			
47.4	48.3	85.7	51.2			
12.5	16.7	66.7	19.4			
36.7	41.2	66.7	40.7			
16.7	7.1	50.0	17.4			
33.3	50.0	66.7	46.9			
28.1	26.8	50.0	28.7			
0.0	42.9	80.0	43.3			
28.6	40.0	100.0	40.4			
25.0	20.0	66.7	27.0			
34.5	38.5	47.8	38.6			
45.0	20.6	27.8	22.3			

Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
24.6	34.8	66.7	33.6

25.0	30.0	30.0	29.8
28.6	30.1	31.8	31.1
11.5	9.7	15.5	10.6
37.8	44.7	53.7	43.4
53.3	64.0	74.3	62.2
41.4	39.5	69.2	43.7
44.2	48.3	60.2	47.9
26.9	20.9	30.0	23.4
24.7	29.2	42.4	28.9
24.2	26.5	33.3	26.1
19.4	22.9	25.9	21.9
25.0	25.8	38.1	26.3
35.2	45.1	38.1	42.3
18.8	27.5	23.1	25.1
20.5	24.8	26.6	23.9
35.7	38.6	52.6	38.4
38.0	46.6	60.1	44.6

# E. Violence, Abusive Relationships, and Personal Safety

Within the last 12 months, college students reported experiencing:	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
A physical fight	1.8	0.8	2.1	1.2
A physical assault (not sexual assault)	1.3	1.6	2.1	1.6
A verbal threat	7.4	7.5	18.3	7.9
Sexual touching without their consent	1.7	3.4	7.9	2.9
Sexual penetration attempt without their consent	0.9	1.0	5.2	1.2
Sexual penetration without their consent	0.6	0.8	2.6	0.9
Being a victim of stalking	1.8	3.9	6.3	3.4
A partner called me names, insulted me, or put me down to make me feel bad	9.7	10.6	9.9	10.2
A partner often insisted on knowing who I was with and where I was or tried to limit my contact with				
family or friends	6.5	4.7	4.7	5.4
A partner pushed, grabbed, shoved, slapped, kicked, bit, choked or hit me without my consent	2.3	1.8	2.6	2.1
A partner forced me into unwanted sexual contact by holding me down or hurting me in some way	1.5	1.0	3.1	1.3
A partner pressured me into unwanted sexual contact by threatening me, coercing me, or using alcohol or				
other drugs	1.8	1.7	3.1	1.9

College students reported feeling very safe\*:

	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)	CIS IVICII	CIS WOILCII	conforming	Total
On their campus (daytime)	90.3	83.1	79.1	85.6
On their campus (nighttime)	62.0	31.5	33.1	43.1
In the community surrounding their campus (daytime)	61.8	48.1	51.5	53.4
In the community surrounding their campus (nighttime)	37.4	17.0	18.2	24.8

<sup>\*</sup>Note: "Does not apply" responses were removed from the total in the denominator

Cis Men n =	1882
Cis Women n =	3078
Trans/GNC n =	193

# F. Tobacco, Alcohol, and Other Drug Use

		Ever U	J <b>sed</b>	
Percent (%)	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
Tobacco or nicotine delivery products (cigarettes, e-				
cigarettes, Juul or other vape products, water pipe or				
hookah, chewing tobacco, cigars, etc.)	33.5	28.9	40.3	30.9
Alcoholic beverages (beer, wine, liquor, etc.)	63.4		78.6	70.7
Cannabis (marijuana, weed, hash, edibles, vaped cannabis,				
etc.) [Please report nonmedical use only.]	28.1	37.2	59.9	34.6
Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	7.4	6.8	6.8	7.0
Prescription stimulants (Ritalin, Concerta, Dexedrine,				
Adderall, diet pills, etc.) [Please report nonmedical use				
only.]	7.3	7.5	12.0	7.6
Methamphetamine (speed, crystal meth, ice, etc.)	1.8	1.1	1.0	1.3
Inhalanta (namana nituana alua aga maint thinnan ata)	5.5	2.6	10.5	3.9
Inhalants (poppers, nitrous, glue, gas, paint thinner, etc.)	3.3	2.0	10.3	3.9
Sedatives or Sleeping Pills (Valium, Ativan, Xanax,				
Klonopin, Librium, Rohypnol, GHB, etc.) [Please report			0.4	- 4
nonmedical use only.]	5.2	5.1	9.4	5.4
Hallucinogens (Ecstasy, MDMA, Molly, LSD, acid,	10.5	0.6	21.4	10.4
mushrooms, PCP, Special K, etc.)	10.7	9.6		10.4
Heroin	1.0	0.4	1.1	0.6
Prescription opioids (morphine, codeine, fentanyl,				
oxycodone [OxyContin, Percocet], hydrocodone				
[Vicodin], methadone, buprenorphine [Suboxone], etc.)				
[Please report nonmedical use only.]	3.6	3.4	4.2	3.5

<sup>\*</sup>These figures use all students in the sample as the denominator, rather than just those students who reported lifetime use.

### \*Used in the last 3 month

*Used in the last 3 months						
		Trans/				
Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total			
		conforming				
		J				
• • •						
20.6	13.3	22.3	16.2			
57.4	68.7	71.5	64.4			
15.0	19.1	43.0	18.4			
15.0 2.9	19.1 1.2	2.1	18.4 1.8			
1.7	1.9	4.7	1.9			
0.6	0.1	1.0	0.3			
2.3	0.3	4.7	1.2			
1.6	1.2	3.6	1.5			
1.0	1.2	3.0	1.5			
3.1	2.0	9.3	2.7			
0.5	0.1	1.0	2.7 0.3			
0.3	0.1	1.0	0.5			
0.6	0.4	1.6	0.5			

# Substance Specific Involvement Scores (SSIS) from the ASSIST

# \*Moderate risk use of the substance

	1110 del dice 11511 dec el tille substituire			
	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
Tobacco or nicotine delivery products	15.5	9.7	18.1	12.0
Alcoholic beverages	12.1	10.0	11.9	10.8
Cannabis (nonmedical use)	10.0	10.7	26.4	10.9
Cocaine	1.8	0.7	1.0	1.1
Prescription stimulants (nonmedical use)	1.3	0.9	1.6	1.0
Methamphetamine	0.6	0.2	0.0	0.3
Inhalants	1.1	0.2	1.6	0.6
Sedatives or Sleeping Pills (nonmedical use)	1.1	0.6	2.1	0.9
Hallucinogens	2.0	0.8	2.6	1.3
Heroin	0.4	0.2	0.0	0.2
Prescription opioids (nonmedical use)	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.4

<sup>\*</sup>These figures use all students in the sample as the denominator, rather than just those students who reported lifetime use.

# \*High risk use of the substance

ringh risk use of the substance						
Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total				
	comorming					
0.5	0.5	0.9				
0.5	2.6	0.8				
0.7	2.6	0.7				
0.1	1.0	0.2				
0.0	1.0	0.1				
0.0	1.0	0.1				
0.0	1.6	0.2				
0.0	1.0	0.1				
0.0	1.0	0.1				
0.0	1.0	0.1				
0.0	1.0	0.2				
	Cis Women  0.5 0.5 0.7 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	Cis Women         Trans/ Gender Non- conforming           0.5         0.5           0.5         2.6           0.7         2.6           0.1         1.0           0.0         1.0           0.0         1.0           0.0         1.6           0.0         1.0           0.0         1.0           0.0         1.0           0.0         1.0           0.0         1.0           0.0         1.0           0.0         1.0				

Cis Men n =	1882
Cis Women n =	3078
Trans/GNC n =	193

\*Proportion of students who were prescribed a medication and used more than prescribed or more often than prescribed in the past 3 months

			Trans/	
	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
Prescription stimulants	1.3	0.9	4.1	1.2
Prescription sedatives or sleeping pills	0.9	0.6	2.1	0.8
Prescription opioids	0.5	0.2	1.6	0.4

<sup>\*</sup>These figures use all students in the sample as the denominator, rather than just those students who reported having a prescription. Note that the title of this table was changed in Fall 2022, but the figures remain the same.

\*Tobacco or nicotine delivery products used in the last 3 months

	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)	010 1/1011	CIS TY GILLER	conforming	1000
Cigarettes	11.7	6.1	13.5	8.4
E-cigarettes or other vape products (for example: Juul,				
etc.)	9.9	8.5	14.5	9.2
Water pipe or hookah	1.7	1.2	2.1	1.4
Chewing or smokeless tobacco	2.3	0.3	1.0	1.1
Cigars or little cigars	4.0	0.9	1.0	2.1
Other	1.0	0.2	1.0	0.5

<sup>\*</sup>These figures use all students in the sample as the denominator, rather than just those students who reported tobacco or nicotine delivery product use in the last 3 months.

### Students in Recovery

■ 1.8 % of college students surveyed ( 1.9 % cis men, 1.8 % cis women, and 1.8 % transgender/gender non-conforming) indicated they were in recovery from alcohol or other drug use.

# When, if ever, was the last time you:

viien, ii ever, was the last time you.	Drank Alcohol			
Percent (%)	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
Never	28.2	16.4	14.1	20.8
Within the last 2 weeks	44.8	53.8	52.6	50.3
More than 2 weeks ago but within the last 30 days	8.8	8.9	9.9	8.9
More than 30 days ago but within the last 3 months	6.7	8.2	9.9	7.7
More than 3 months ago but within the last 12 months	5.9	7.2	6.3	6.6
More than 12 months ago	5.5	5.5	7.3	5.6
More than 12 months ago  *Students were instructed to include medical and non-medical use of ca		5.5	7.3	5.

"Useu Cannadis/Marijuana						
Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total			
67.3	57.9	34.9	60.5			
9.3	10.7	31.8	11.0			
2.0	3.3	3.6	2.8			
3.6	4.4	6.8	4.1			
4.0	6.8	8.3	5.8			
13.8	16.9	14.6	15.7			

\*Used Connobis/Marijuana

# Driving under the influence

■ 21.0 % of college students reported driving after having *any alcohol* in the last 30 days.\*

\*Only students who reported driving in the last 30 days and drinking alcohol in the last 30 days were asked this question.

31.8 % of college students reported driving within 6 hours of using cannabis/marijuana in the last 30 days.\*

\*Only students who reported driving in the last 30 days and using cannabis in the last 30 days were asked this question.

Estimated Blood Alcohol Concentration (or eBAC) of college students. Due to the improbability of a student surviving a drinking episode resulting in an extremely high eBAC, all students with an eBAC of 0.50 or higher are also omitted from these eBAC figures. eBAC is an estimated figure based on the reported number of drinks consumed during the last time they drank alcohol in a social setting, their approximate time of consumption, sex, weight, and the average rate of ethanol metabolism. Only students who reported drinking alcohol within the last 3 months answered these questions.

			Trans/	
	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
Estimated BAC Percent (%)			conforming	
<.08 <.10	90.0	90.9	95.6	90.8
< .10	93.0	93.9	97.1	93.7
Mean	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03
Median	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Std Dev	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.04

Cis Men n =	1882
Cis Women n =	3078
Trans/GNC n =	193

# \*Reported number of drinks consumed the last time students drank alcohol in a social setting.

			Trans/	
	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
Number of drinks Percent (%)			conforming	
4 or fewer	78.3	87.4	89.2	84.5
5	6.0	5.5	5.8	5.7
6	5.3	3.4	2.9	4.0
7 or more	10.4	3.7	2.2	5.8
Mean	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.7
Mean	3.2	2.5	2.6	2.7
Median	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Std Dev	2.7	1.8	1.7	2.2

<sup>\*</sup>Only students who reported drinking alcohol in the last three months were asked this question.

# Reported number of times college students consumed $\underline{\text{five or more drinks}}$ in a sitting within the last two weeks:

Among all students surveyed Trans/ **Total** Cis Men | Cis Women | Gender Non-Percent (%) conforming Did not drink alcohol in the last two weeks (includes non-49.7 55.3 drinkers) 46.3 47.4 30.4 None 25.8 32.9 35.9 1-2 times 13.4 17.3 14.1 15.7 4.7 3-5 times 3.1 1.6 3.6 0.7 0.4 1.0 0.5 6 or more times

# \*Among those who reported drinking alcohol within the last two weeks

within the last two weeks					
		Trans/			
Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total		
		conforming			
57.8	61.3	68.3	60.5		
30.0	32.1	26.7	31.2		
10.5	5.8	3.0	7.2		
1.7	0.7	2.0	1.1		

# \*College students who drank alcohol reported experiencing the following in the last 12 months when drinking alcohol:

			Trans/	
Percent (%)	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non- conforming	Total
Did something I later regretted	12.1	12.6	5.3	12.1
Blackout (forgot where I was or what I did for a large period of time and cannot remember, even when				
someone reminds me)	5.4	5.9	5.3	5.7
Brownout (forgot where I was or what I did for short periods of time, but can remember once someone				
reminds me)	12.9	14.0	11.3	13.5
Got in trouble with the police	0.6	0.2	0.7	0.3
Got in trouble with college/university authorities	0.6	0.1	1.3	0.3
Someone had sex with me without my consent	0.5	0.8	1.3	0.7
Had sex with someone without their consent	0.5	0.0	2.0	0.3
Had unprotected sex	8.0	7.1	9.3	7.5
Physically injured myself	2.8	2.8	4.6	2.9
Physically injured another person	0.4	0.3	2.0	0.4
Seriously considered suicide	1.3	1.0	6.0	1.3
Needed medical help	0.5	0.6	2.6	0.6
Reported two or more of the above	13.0	13.3	13.3	13.2

 $<sup>*</sup>Only\ students\ who\ reported\ drinking\ alcohol\ in\ the\ last\ 12\ months\ were\ asked\ these\ questions.$ 

<sup>\*</sup>Only students who reported drinking alcohol in the last two weeks were asked this question.

Cis Men n =	1882
Cis Women n =	3078
Trans/GNC n =	193

# G. Sexual Behavior

Within the last 2 weeks

More than 12 months ago

Never

When, if ever, was the last time you had:

More than 2 weeks ago but within the last 30 days

More than 30 days ago but within the last 3 months

More than 3 months ago but within the last 12 months

	Oral sex					
<b>Aen</b>	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total			
43.4	29.8	24.2	34.6			
22.9	30.4	35.3	27.7			
6.2	8.8	10.0	7.9			
7.4	9.5	6.3	8.6			

11.1

13.2

9.6

11.6

Vaginal intercourse

Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
42.7	26.9	36.7	33.1
26.9	39.7	30.9	34.7
5.5	7.8	4.8	6.8
6.7	8.3	4.8	7.6
8.6	8.0	7.4	8.2
9.6	9.3	15.4	9.6

	11.6	
Anal	inte	rcourse

10.0

	Anai intercourse				
Percent (%)	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total	
Never	80.2	76.4	63.7	77.3	
Within the last 2 weeks	3.8	2.1	6.3	2.9	
More than 2 weeks ago but within the last 30 days	1.5	1.1	5.3	1.4	
More than 30 days ago but within the last 3 months	2.4	1.8	3.7	2.1	
More than 3 months ago but within the last 12 months	3.4	3.1	5.8	3.3	
More than 12 months ago	8.8	15.5	15.3	13.1	

Percent (%)

\*College students who reported having oral sex, or vaginal or anal intercourse within the last 12 months reported having the following number of sexual partners:

Cis Men

8.8

11.2

			Trans/	
	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
None	0.5	0.3	0.0	0.4
_1	79.8	82.4	62.6	80.8
2	7.8	8.1	13.0	8.1
3	4.3	4.0	5.7	4.1
4 or more	7.6	5.3	18.7	6.6
Mean	1.9	1.4	2.8	1.6
Median	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Std Dev	4.0	1.3	4.1	2.7

<sup>\*</sup>Only students who reported having oral sex, or vaginal or anal intercourse in the last 12 months were asked this question.

College students who reported having oral sex, or vaginal or anal intercourse within the last 30 days who reported using a condom or another protective barrier most of the time or always:

F	Percent (%)		Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
Oral sex		4.5	4.3	4.7	4.4
Vaginal intercourse		35.8	31.2	31.3	32.4
Anal intercourse		24.7	13.8	13.6	19.3

<sup>\*</sup>Only students who reported having oral sex, or vaginal or anal intercourse in the last 30 days were asked these questions.

College students who reported having vaginal intercourse (penis in vagina) within the last 12 months were asked if they or their partner used any method to prevent pregnancy the <u>last time</u> they had vaginal intercourse:

	Percent (%)	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
Yes, used a method of contraception		70.9	78.7	82.2	76.4
No, did not want to prevent pregnancy		8.6	5.0	1.1	6.0
No, did not use any method		18.4	16.0	15.6	16.7
Don't know		2.0	0.3	1.1	0.9

<sup>\*</sup>Only students who reported having oral sex, or vaginal or anal intercourse in the last 12 months were asked this question.

Cis Men n =	1882
Cis Women n =	3078
Trans/GNC n =	193

\*Those students who reported using a contraceptive use the last time they had vaginal intercourse, reported they (or their partner) used the following methods:

	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
Birth control pills (monthly or extended cycle)	30.0	33.1	27.0	32.0
Birth control shots	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.2
Birth control implants	5.8	6.8	9.5	6.7
Birth control patch	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.4
The ring	1.8	2.2	0.0	2.0
Emergency contraception ("morning after pill" or "Plan B")	2.1	3.0	1.4	2.7
Intrauterine device	12.5	21.7	18.9	19.1
Male (external) condom	51.1	41.6	43.2	44.2
Female (internal) condom	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.2
Diaphragm or cervical cap	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1
Contraceptive sponge	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Withdrawal	15.5	18.5	12.2	17.4
Fertility awareness (calendar, mucous, basal body temperature)	4.0	4.0	0.0	3.8
Sterilization (hysterectomy, tubes tied, vasectomy)	4.8	6.6	16.2	6.5
Other method	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.3
Male condom use plus another method	19.7	22.4	18.9	21.5
Any two or more methods (excluding male condoms)	11.1	17.0	10.8	15.2

<sup>\*</sup>Only students who reported they or their partner used a method the last time they had vaginal intercourse were asked these questions. This question was select all that apply.

College students who reported having vaginal intercourse (penis in vagina) within the last 12 months were asked if they or their partner used emergency contraception ("morning after pill" or "Plan B") in the last 12 months:

Yes ( 10.1 % cis men, 11.1 % cis women, 21.1 % trans/gender non-conforming)

College students who reported having vaginal intercourse (penis in vagina) within the last 12 months were asked if they experienced an unintentional pregnancy or got someone pregnant within the last 12 months:

Yes (

1.4 % cis men, 0.9 % cis women,

2.2 % trans/gender non-conforming)

# H. Mental Health and Wellbeing

Kessler 6 (K6) Non-Specific Psychological Distress Score (Range is 0-24)

Percent (%)	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non- conforming	Total
No or low psychological distress (0-12)	86.2	82.6	66.8	83.2
Serious psychological distress (13-24)	13.8	17.4	33.2	16.8
		•		
Mean	7.05	7.98	10.17	7.73
Median	6.00	7.00	10.00	7.00
Std Dev	5.22	5.02	5.27	5.16

# UCLA Loneliness Scale (ULS3) Score (Range is 3-9)

			Trans/	
	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
Negative for loneliness (3-5)	54.2	53.4	43.8	53.4
Positive for loneliness (6-9)	45.8	46.6	56.3	46.6
Mean	5.19	5.30	5.83	5.28
Median	5.00	5.00	6.00	5.00
Std Dev	1.87	1.86	1.95	1.87

# Diener Flourishing Scale - Psychological Well-Being (PWB) Score (Range is 8-56)

(higher scores reflect a higher level of psychological well-being)

	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
Mean	45.51	46.09	42.59	45.73
Median	48.00	48.00	44.00	48.00
Std Dev	8.91	8.14	8.64	8.52

Cis Men n = 1882 3078 Cis Women n = Trans/GNC n = 193

# The Connor-Davison Resilience Scale (CD-RISC2) Score (Range is 0-8)

(higher scores reflect greater resilience)

	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
Mean	6.24	6.15	5.80	6.17
Median	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Std Dev	1.59	1.54	1.66	1.57

Self injury

■ 7.4 % of college students surveyed (

7.3 % cis men,

6.7 % cis women, and

17.8 % trans/gender non-conforming)

indicated they had <u>intentionally</u> cut, burned, bruised, or otherwise injured themselves within the last 12 months.

Within the last 12 months, have you had problems or challenges with any of the following:

| Trans/ |

			i rans/	
	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
Academics	36.2	40.6	49.5	39.3
Career	38.2	39.0	47.4	39.0
Finances	48.5	55.8	66.5	53.5
Procrastination	59.8	66.7	81.6	64.7
Faculty	13.6	16.5	28.3	15.9
Family	23.1	35.6	49.7	31.6
Intimate relationships	30.2	34.7	41.4	33.3
Roommate/housemate	17.2	19.2	24.2	18.7
Peers	13.9	19.4	29.6	17.8
Personal appearance	30.1	45.6	53.9	40.3
Health of someone close to me	32.5	41.4	54.5	38.7
Death of a family member, friend, or someone close to me	19.1	23.0	27.2	21.8
I was bullied	4.7	6.5	10.5	6.0
I was cyberbullied	3.2	2.2	7.9	2.8
I was hazed	1.3	1.0	1.6	1.1
I experienced microagression(s)	11.6	19.9	52.4	18.2
I was sexually harassed	1.7	7.5	16.2	5.8
I experienced discrimination	10.0	11.9	26.3	11.8
*Only students who reported a problem or challenge in the last 12 mont.	hs were asked	about level of di	stress.	

Students reporting none of the above	14.1	8.7	1.0	10.4
Students reporting only one of the above	11.4	8.6	2.6	9.5
Students reporting 2 of the above	13.5	10.9	6.8	11.7
Students reporting 3 or more of the above	61.0	71.8	89.6	68.4

\*Of those reporting this issue, it caused moderate or high distress

	outract or mg	Trans/	
Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
		conforming	
77.7	86.2	83.2	83.2
75.3	82.1	79.1	79.5
74.4	79.8	85.8	78.2
57.2	62.7	70.6	61.2
58.4	61.4	66.7	60.8
57.1	66.3	68.4	64.1
59.6	66.2	71.8	64.3
47.8	58.0	60.9	54.6
39.6	46.5	47.3	44.5
44.0	55.4	60.8	52.6
56.1	69.3	63.1	65.0
66.7	75.4	80.8	72.7
47.1	62.8	70.0	59.2
55.0	68.7	66.7	63.4
54.2	80.0	100.0	70.2
34.0	44.0	44.0	41.6
34.4	48.7	61.3	48.3
47.3	58.7	62.0	55.4

# Suicide Behavior Questionnaire-Revised (SBQR) Screening Score (Range is 3-18)

	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
Negative suicidal screening (3-6)	84.4	79.6	45.0	80.0
Positive suicidal screening (7-18)	15.6	20.4	55.0	20.0
	•			
Mean	4.36	4.80	7.41	4.74
Median	3.00	3.00	7.00	3.00
Std Dev	2.41	2.70	3.67	2.70

Suicide	attempt

( 1.4 % cis men, 1.3 % of college students surveyed 1 % cis women, and

4.2 % trans/gender non-conforming) indicated they had attempted suicide within the last 12 months.

# Within the last 30 days, how would you rate the overall level of stress experienced:

			Trans/	
	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
Percent	(%)		conforming	
No stress	5.1	1.6	1.6	2.9
Low	32.2	16.8	10.9	22.3
Moderate	43.5	49.3	48.4	47.2
High	19.1	32.3	39.1	27.6

# **I. Acute Conditions**

# College students reported being diagnosed by a healthcare professional within the last 12 months with:

	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
Bronchitis	1.8	4.0	5.2	3.3
Chlamydia	1.0	0.8	2.1	0.9
Chicken Pox (Varicella)	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.8
Cold/virus or other respiratory illness (for example: sinus				
infection, ear infection, strep throat, tonsillitis,				
pharyngitis, or laryngitis)	18.9	32.9	36.5	27.9
Concussion	1.0	2.0	3.7	1.7
Gonorrhea	0.9	0.4	1.6	0.6
Flu (influenza) or flu-like illness	9.6	10.9	11.0	10.4
Mumps	0.3	0.5	1.1	0.5
Mononucleosis (mono)	0.8	0.9	3.2	1.0
Orthopedic injury (for example: broken bone, fracture,				
sprain, bursitis, tendinitis, or ligament injury)	6.3	8.9	13.6	8.1
Pelvic Inflammatory Disease	0.2	0.7	2.6	0.6
Pneumonia	0.8	1.2	1.1	1.1
Shingles	0.4	0.9	1.6	0.8
Stomach or GI virus or bug, food poisoning or gastritis	5.9	10.7	12.0	9.1
Urinary tract infection	1.1	11.6	9.9	7.7

Cis Men n = 1882 Cis Women n = 3078 Trans/GNC n = 193

Cis Men n =	1882
Cis Women n =	3078
Trans/GNC n =	193

# J. Ongoing or Chronic Conditions

**Mental Health** 

Autism Spectrum

disorder

Insomnia

Hypomanic Episode)

Nervosa, Binge-Eating)

Gambling Disorder

behavior disorders)

already listed

stressor- related condition

Traumatic brain injury (TBI)

The questions for the *ongoing or chronic conditions* are presented differently in this report than the order they appear in the survey. In the survey, all items appear in a single list, ordered alphabetically. In this report, the conditions are presented in groups to ease burden on the reader. The findings are divided into mental health conditions, STIs and other chronic infections, and other ongoing or chronic conditions in this report.

College students reported ever being

diagnosed with the following: Trans/ Cis Men Cis Women Gender Non-**Total** conforming Percent (%) ADD/ADHD - Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder 7.6 13.0 31.6 11.7 Alcohol or Other Drug-Related Abuse or Addiction 1.3 1.7 4.2 1.7 Anxiety (for example: Generalized Anxiety, Social Anxiety, Panic Disorder, Specific Phobia) 14.5 37.9 63.9 2.0 1.3 10.0 2.0 Bipolar and Related Conditions (for example: Bipolar I, II, 1.5 2.6 9.4 Borderline Personality Disorder (BPD), Avoidant Personality, Dependent Personality, or another personality 0.6 0.9 4.2 0.9 Depression (for example: Major depression, persistent depressive disorder, disruptive mood disorder) 12.1 27.7 Eating Disorders (for example: Anorexia Nervosa, Bulimia 1.5 14.7 4.5 5.6 0.2 0.1 0.2 1.6 4.8 8.9 21.9 7.9 Obsessive-Compulsive and Related Conditions (for example: OCD, Body Dysmorphia, Hoarding, Trichotillomania and other body-focused repetitive 2.7 6.0 14.7 5.2 PTSD (Posttraumatic Stress Disorder), Acute Stress Disorder, Adjustment Disorder, or another trauma- or 10.0 3.2 23.0 8.1 Schizophrenia and Other Psychotic Conditions (for example: Schizophrenia, Schizoaffective Disorder, Schizophreniform Disorder, Delusional Disorder) 0.2 0.3 0.3 Tourette's or other neurodevelopmental condition not

\*Of those ever diagnosed, those reporting contact with healthcare or MH professional

within last 12 months					
		Trans/			
Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total		
		conforming			
		8			
60.0	79.9	85.0	75.7		
32.0	79.9 44.2	87.5	44.8		
66.3	75.8	76.2	74.3		
27.8	47.5	68.4	46.0		
67.9	73.8	72.2	70.8		
50.0	48.0	62.5	52.2		
64.3	74.6	69.9	72.3		
44.4	44.8	39.3	43.3		
0.0	0.0	100.0	37.5		
50.0	58.0	55.0	56.2		
60.0	63.0	82.1	65.0		
83.1	71.1	77.3	73.3		
66.7	66.7	100.0	69.2		
00.7	00.7	100.0	09.2		
0.0	27.3	66.7	29.4		
26.7	29.8	20.0	28.4		
20.7	29.0	20.0	20.4		

<sup>\*</sup>Only students who reported ever being diagnosed were asked about contact with a healthcare or mental health professional within the last 12 months.

0.2

0.8

1.5

Percent (%)	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
Students reporting none of the above	75.5	52.5	23.0	59.7
Students reporting only one of the above	11.1	15.1	9.4	13.4
Students reporting both Depression and Anxiety	8.6	23.8	51.8	19.4
Students reporting any two or more of the above				
(excluding the combination of Depression and Anxiety)	4.9	8.6	15.7	7.6

Cis Men n =	1882
Cis Women n =	3078
Trans/GNC n =	193

# College students reported ever being diagnosed with the following:

### STI's/Other chronic infections Trans/ Cis Men | Cis Women | Gender Non-**Total** conforming Percent (%) Genital herpes 0.5 1.5 2.0 Hepatitis B or C 0.5 0.4 0.3 2.6 HIV or AIDS 0.5 0.0 2.1 0.3 Human papillomavirus (HPV) or genital warts 0.8 4.6 2.7 3.2

# \*Of those ever diagnosed, had contact with healthcare or MH professional within last 12 months

		Trans/	
Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
		conforming	
30.0	40.0	66.7	40.3
50.0	11.1	80.0	40.9
77.8	0.0	75.0	71.4
60.0	46.8	40.0	47.9

<sup>\*</sup>Only students who reported ever being diagnosed were asked about contact with a healthcare or mental health professional within the last 12 months.

# College students reported ever being

# diagnosed with the following:

			Trans/	
	Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
Acne	17.7	28.2	28.9	24.5
Allergies - food allergy	7.2	13.1	18.3	11.2
Allergies - animals/pets	8.1	13.6	14.7	11.8
Allergies - environmental (for example: pollen, grass, dust,				
mold)	19.8	32.8	39.2	28.4
Asthma	11.2	15.8	21.5	14.4
Cancer	0.8	1.5	2.1	1.3
Celiac disease	0.5	0.9	2.1	0.8
Chronic pain (for example: back or joint pain, arthritis,				
nerve pain)	5.7	9.9	22.6	8.9
Diabetes or pre-diabetes/insulin resistance	3.4	4.8	8.4	4.4
Endometriosis	0.1	3.5	4.2	2.3
Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease (GERD) or acid reflux	5.5	7.9	12.0	7.1
Heart & vascular disorders (for example: atrial fibrillation				
or other cardiac arrhythmia, mitral valve prolapse or other				
valvular heart disease, congenital heart condition)	1.7	2.8	5.2	2.5
High blood pressure (hypertension)	7.1	4.8	8.4	5.8
High cholesterol (hyperlipidemia)	5.3	5.7	6.8	5.6
Irritable bowel syndrome (spastic colon or spastic bowel)	3.0	7.5	16.2	6.2
Migraine headaches	6.9	17.5	27.7	14.0
Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome (PCOS)	0.1	8.0	6.3	5.1
Sleep Apnea	3.8	3.0	6.3	3.4
Thyroid condition or disorder	1.6	8.3	6.8	5.8
Urinary system disorder (for example: bladder or kidney				
disease, urinary reflux, interstitial cystitis)	0.9	2.0	3.1	1.7

Other Chronic /Ongoing Medical Conditions

# \*Of those ever diagnosed, had contact with healthcare or MH professional within last 12

months					
		Trans/			
Cis Men	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Total		
		conforming			
21.7	35.7	27.3	31.7		
21.8	32.8	31.4	30.5		
18.7	33.9	32.1	30.1		
31.3	34.2	32.4	33.4		
26.9	45.5	51.2	40.5		
71.4	58.7	100.0	64.6		
20.0	63.0	75.0	53.5		
66.0	71.7	83.7	71.4		
68.9	74.5	75.0	73.0		
0.0	54.7	75.0	56.0		
45.5	49.2	52.2	48.2		
46.9	57.6	70.0	56.6		
65.9	74.0	75.0	69.9		
66.7	60.7	84.6	63.9		
49.1	46.9	61.3	48.6		
33.6	48.8	54.7	46.3		
0.0	60.6	66.7	60.3		
54.9	49.4	75.0	53.5		
63.3	83.2	84.6	80.7		
52.9	51.6	50.0	51.8		

<sup>\*</sup>Only students who reported ever being diagnosed were asked about contact with a healthcare or mental health professional within the last 12 months.

Cis Men n =	1882
Cis Women n =	3078
Trans/GNC n =	193

# Students who reported being diagnosed with diabetes or pre-diabetes/insulin resistance, indicated they had:

	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)			conforming	
Type I Diabetes	19.1	10.7	25.0	14.0
Type II Diabetes	37.5	28.8	41.7	32.0
Pre-diabetes or insulin resistance	59.3	77.9	68.8	72.1
Gestational Diabetes	0.0	13.0	16.7	9.8

# K. Sleep

Reported amount of time to usually fall asleep at night (sleep onset latency):

Percent (%)		Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
Less than 15 minutes	49.4	43.7	35.9	45.5
16 to 30 minutes	27.0	26.4	32.3	26.8
31 minutes or more	23.5	30.0	31.8	27.7

# Over the last 2 weeks, students reported the following average amount of sleep (excluding naps):

	On weeknights			
	Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
Percent (%)	015 1/1011	CIS TY CILICIA	conforming	1000
Less than 7 hours	49.4	44.2	44.8	46.2
7 to 9 hours	49.6	54.7	54.7	52.8
10 or more hours	1.0	1.1	0.5	1.0

On weekend nights					
		Trans/			
n	Cis Women	Gender Non-	Tot		

Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non- conforming	Total
25.2	20.1	22.9	22.1
70.9	73.1	67.7	72.1
3.9	6.8	9.4	5.8

# Students reported the following on 3 or more of the last 7 days:

		Felt tired or sleepy during the day			y
		Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
	Percent (%)			conforming	
0 days		8.8	3.9	1.0	5.7
1-2 days		34.8	23.8	16.2	27.5
3-5 days		39.8	42.5	40.3	41.3
6-7 days		16.6	29.8	42.4	25.5

# Got enough sleep so that they felt rested

Cis Men	Cis Women	Trans/ Gender Non-	Total
	.,	conforming	
14.9	19.8	20.4	18.0
34.3	38.3	39.8	36.9
37.4	32.8	31.9	34.4
13.4	9.2	7.9	10.7

# **Demographics and Sample Characteristics**

■ Age		■ Students describe themselve	s as	
18 - 20 years:	0.4 %	Straight/Heterosexual:		79.5 %
21 - 24 years:	34.4 %	Asexual:		1.4 %
25 - 29 years:	36.3 %	Bisexual:		9.4 %
30+ years:	28.9 %	Gay:		2.3 %
Mean age: 28.4 years		Lesbian:		1.7 %
Median age: 26.0 years		Pansexual:		1.7 %
2010 years		Oueer:		2.1 %
■ Gender*		Questioning:		1.2 %
Cis Women:	59.1 %	Identity not listed above:		0.7 %
Cis Men:	36.2 %	radility not instea above.		0.7 70
Transgender/Gender Non-conforming:	3.7 %			
* See note on page 2 regarding gender categor		■ Housing		
see note on page 2 regarding gender catego	ries	Campus or university housing:		10.6 %
■ Student status		Fraternity or sorority residence:		0.7 %
1st year undergraduate:	0.0 %	Parent/guardian/other family:		8.9 %
2nd year undergraduate:	0.0 %	Off-campus:		77.4 %
3rd year undergraduate:	0.0 %	Temporary or "couch surfing":		0.5 %
	0.0 %			0.5 %
4th year undergraduate: 5th year or more undergraduate:		Don't have a place to live: Other:		
•	0.0 %	Otner:		1.8 %
Master's (MA, MS, MFA, MBA, etc.):	53.1 %			
Doctorate (PhD, EdD, MD, JD, etc.):	46.9 %	<b>I</b> 6( 1, 4, 1, 2, 4, 1,		
Not seeking a degree:	0.0 %	Students describe themselve		1.4.0/
Other:	0.0 %	American Indian or Native Alas	Kan	1.4 %
T 11 2 4 1 4	00.0.0/	Asian or Asian American		29.6 %
Full-time student: 88.9 %		Black or African American		7.0 %
Part-time student: 10.5 %		Hispanic or Latino/a/x		14.3 %
Other student:	0.6 %	Middle Eastern/North African (	MENA)	2.4.0/
		or Arab Origin:		2.4 %
Relationship status		Native Hawaiian or Other		
Not in a relationship:	42.0 %	Pacific Islander Native:		0.3 %
In a relationship but not married/partnered:	32.5 %	White:		48.6 %
Married/partnered:	25.5 %	Biracial or Multiracial:		3.2 %
		Identity not listed above:		3.1 %
■ Primary Source of Health Insurance**				
	College/university sponsored SHIP plan: 51.6 % If Hispanic or Latino/a/x, are you**			
Parent or guardian's plan:	23.2 %	Mexican, Mexican American, Chicano:		64.1 %
Employer (mine or my spouse/partners):			6.7 %	
	Medicaid, Medicare, SCHIP, or VA: 5.4 % Cuban:		2.0 %	
Bought a plan directly or from the exchange 2.4 %		Another Hispanic, Latino/a/x, or		
Embassy/sponsoring agency (international) 0.4 %		Spanish Origin:		31.1 %
Another source	1.8 %			
Have insurance, but don't know source:	0.6 %	If Asian or Asian American, are you**		
Don't have health insurance:	2.9 %	East Asian:		26.5 %
Don't know if I have health insurance:	0.4 %	Southeast Asian:		9.4 %
Students that selected more than one source:	3.7 %	South Asian:		63.5 %
		Other Asian:		2.0 %
■ Student Veteran:	2.7 %			
		■ Visa status & location of stu-	dy	
■ Parent or primary responsibility for some	eone		Do not have/need a U.S.	Have/need a
else's child/children under 18 years old:	11.3 %		visa	U.S. visa
		Studying	60.0.0/	25.7.0/
**this question was select all that apply, totals may add up to over 100%		in U.S.	60.8 %	35.7 %
		Studying Outside	2.1.0/	1 / 0/
		U.S.	2.1 %	1.4 %

First generation students	28.2 %	- Participated in organized college athletics:	
(Proportion of students for whom no		Varsity:	2.8 %
parent/guardian have completed a		Club sports:	4.8 %
bachelor's degree)		Intramurals:	8.4 %
■ Do you have any of the following?		■ Member of a <u>social</u> fraternity or sorority:	
Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder		Greek member:	3.7 %
(ADD or ADHD):	13.8 %		
Autism Spectrum Disorder:	2.7 %	■Dropout Intention	
Deaf/Hearing loss:	2.2 %	Very, moderately, or slightly likely to:	
Learning disability:	3.2 %	Leave school and transfer to another school	3.9 %
Mobility/Dexterity disability:	1.9 %	Leave school without transferring to another school	4.8 %
Blind/low vision:	2.7 %	Č	
Speech or language disorder:	1.0 %		

# **Demographics of Participating Institutions**

Thirty nine postsecondary institutions self-selected to participate in the Fall 2023 ACHA National College Health Assessment and 26,453 surveys were completed by students on these campuses. For the purpose of forming the Reference Group, only institutions located in the United States that surveyed all students or used a random sampling technique, and used the ACHA-NCHA III (currently only offered as a web survey) are included in the analysis, yielding a final data set consisting of 24,473 students at 38 schools. This report includes only data from 5,206 GRADUATE and PROFESSIONAL students at 33 schools. Demographic characteristics of the 33 campuses follow.

Demographical Characteristics of the 33 US Postsecondary Institutions Included in the Fall 2023 ACHA-NCHA III GRADUATE Reference Group		
Campus Characteristic	n	
Type of Institution		
Public	20	
Private	13	
2-year	0	
4-year or above	33	
Location of Campus		
Northeast (CT, ME, MA, NH, NJ, NY, PA, RI, VT)	8	
Midwest (IL, IN, IA, KS, MI, MN, MO, NE, ND, OH, SD, WI)	4	
South (AL, AR, DE, DC, FL, GA, KY, LA, MD, MS, NC, OK, SC,		
TN, TX, VA, WV)	20	
West (AK, AZ, CA, CO, HI, ID, MT, NV, NM, OR, UT, WA, WY)	1	
Campus Size		
< 2,500 students	3	
2,500 – 4,999 students	6	
5,000 – 9,999 students	6	
10,000 - 19,999 students	6	
20,000 students or more	12	
Campus Setting		
Very large city (population over 500,000)	5	
Large city (population 250,000-499,999)	6	
Small city (population 50,000-249,999)	13	
Large town (population 10,000-49,999)	6	
Small town (population 2,500-9,999)	3	
Rural community (population under 2,500)	0	
Carnegie Classification		
Associates Colleges	0	
Baccalaureate Colleges	2	
Baccalaureate/Associates Colleges	0	
Masters Colleges and Universities	8	
Doctoral Universities	22	
Special Focus Institutions	1	

Demographical Characteristics of the 33 US Postsecondary Institutions Included in the Fall 2023 ACHA-NCHA III GRADUATE Reference Group **Campus Characteristic** n **ACHA Membership Status Institutional Member** 32 Nonmember 1 **Religious Affiliation** No 28 Yes 5 If yes: Catholic 3 2 Protestant or Other Christian Postsecondary Minority Institution (US Department of Education) No 24 Yes 9 \*If yes: Historically Black College or University (HBCU) 0 Hispanic-serving Institution (HSI) 9 Tribal College or University 0 **Predominately Black Institution** 0 Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving 2 0 Alaska Native-serving or Native Hawaiian-serving Institution Native American-serving Nontribal Institution \*institutions may hold more than one type of minority status **NOTE**: In an effort to protect the identity of the participating institutions, the minority institution status variables have been recoded into a single dichotomous (yes/no) variable in the Reference Group SPSS data files. Secondary researchers with access to the blind data files will not be able to ascertain which type of minority status designation an institution holds.

GRADUATE	Fall 2023 Institutions	
Number of institutions	33	
Number of students	5,206	
Mean response proportion*	10%	
Median response proportion*	7%	

<sup>\*</sup>Calculation of response proportion is based all students surveyed at the institution, and not limited to only graduate and professional student responses.